

**TEST REPORT
EN 61558-2-16**

**Safety of transformers, reactors, power supply units and similar products for
supply voltages up to 1 100 V –
Part 2-16: Particular requirements and tests for switch mode power supply units
and transformers for switch mode power supply units**

Report Number.....: ZKT-2019073338S

Date of issue.....: Aug. 02, 2019

Total number of pages.....: 116

Testing Laboratory.....: **Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.**

Address: 2F, Building 1, Maozhoushan Industrial Park, Houting Community,
Shajing Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Applicant's name: **ZHEJIANG JURRY ELECTRONICS Co., Ltd.**

Address: No. 3 nanyang 2nd Road, duqiao south industrial development zone,
linhai city, zhejiang province

Test specification:

Standard.....: EN 61558-2-16:2009+A1:2013
EN 61558-1:2005+A1:2009

Test procedure.....: CE-LVD

Non-standard test method: N/A

Test Report Form No.....: IEC61558_2_16A

Master TRF: Dated 2009-10

**This test report is specially limited to the above client company and product model only. It may not
be duplicated without prior written consent of ZKT.**

Test item description: **charger**

Trademark:



Manufacturer.....: Same as applicant

Model/Type reference.....: JC1K2-72,
JC1K2-12, JC1K2-24, JC1KC-36, JC1K2-48, JC1K2-60, JC1KC-84,
JC1K2-96, JC1K2-108, JC1K2-144

Rating(s).....: Input: AC230V, 50Hz, 6A
Output: DC72V, 10A

Testing procedure and testing location:

Testing Laboratory.....: **Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.**

Address.....: 2F, Building 1, Maozhoushan Industrial Park, Houting Community, Shajing Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Date of Test.....: Jul. 26, 2019 to Aug. 02, 2019

Tested by (name + signature).....: Peter Huang



Reviewed by (name + signature).....: Simon Gong



Approved by (name + signature).....: Awen He



List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):

- Attachment I : 23 pages for EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES;
- Attachment II: 3 pages for Photo documentation.

Summary of testing:

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

EN 61558-2-16:2009+A1:2013

EN 61558-1:2005+A1:2009

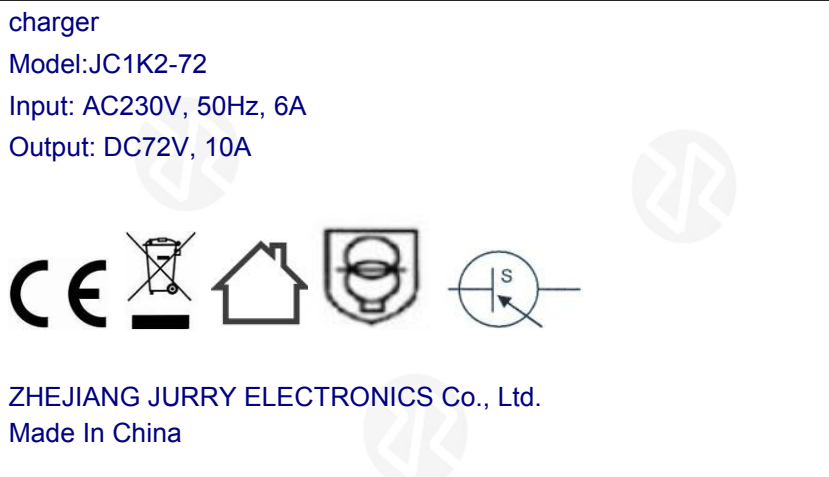
The submitted samples were found to comply with the requirements of above specification.

Testing location:

2F, Building 1, Maozhoushan Industrial Park,
 Houting Community, Shajing Street, Bao'an District,
 Shenzhen, China

Copy of marking plate




The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBS that own these marks.









Remark on above marking:







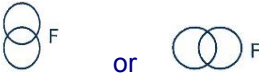


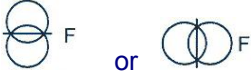
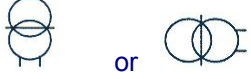
- 1, The height of CE symbols is more than 5 mm;
- 2, The height of WEEE symbols is more than 7 mm;













Test item particulars:	
Type of transformers.....:	Safety Isolating Transformer
Application.....:	Independent transformer
Protection against electric shock.....:	Class II
Short-circuit protection.....:	Non-inherently short-circuit proof
inherently short-circuit proof.....:	No
non-inherently short-circuit proof.....:	Yes
non short-circuit proof.....:	No
fail safe.....:	No
Protection index.....:	IP20
Other characteristics.....:	Continuous operation
Rated ambient temperature ta (°C).....:	25°C
Short-circuit voltage (V).....:	N/A
Mass of equipment (kg)	Approximate 0.3Kg
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object.....:	N/A (or N)
- test object does meet the requirement.....:	P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement.....:	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item.....:	Jul. 26, 2019
Date(s) of performance of tests.....:	Jul. 26, 2019 - Aug. 02, 2019
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.	
This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory.	
"(see Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.	
"(see appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.	
Throughout this report a <input type="checkbox"/> comma / <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> point is used as the decimal separator.	
General product information:	
1.The appliances covered by this report are charger for household and indoor use.	

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
8	MARKING AND OTHER INFORMATION		P
8.1	Transformer marked with:		P
	a) rated supply voltage or voltage range (V)	See label	P
	b) rated output voltage (V)	See label	P
	c) rated output (VA, kVA or W)		N/A
	d) rated output current (A)	See label	P
	e) rated frequency (Hz)	See label	P
	f) rated power factor (if not 1)		P
	g) symbol AC for alternating current, or DC for direct current-output	See label	P
	h) symbol for electrical function (according to one or more part's 2) in addition with the symbol for SMPS (IEC 61558-2-16:09)	For example:  	P
	i) manufacturer's name or trademark or name of the responsible vendor	See label	P
	j) model or type reference	See label	P
	k) vector group according to IEC 60076 for three-phase transformer		N/A
	l) symbol for Class II	See label	P
	m) symbol for Class III		N/A
	n) index IPXX if other than IP00	IP20	P
	o) rated max. ambient temperature t_a (if not 25 °C)	$t_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	N/A
	p) rated minimum ambient temperature t_a min, if $<10^{\circ}\text{C}$ and if a temperature sensitive device is used		N/A
	q) short-time duty cycle: operating time Intermittent duty cycle: operating and resting time (e.g. 5min/30min)	Continue operation.	N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	r) for tw-marked transformers marked with the rated max. operating temperature, increased by multiples of 5 (e.g. tw 120; tw 125)		N/A
	s) transformers used with forced air cooling shall be marked with "AF" in m/s	No such transformer	N/A
	t) Information from the manufacturer to the purchaser (data sheet) :		N/A
	– short-circuit voltage (% rated supply voltage) for stationary transformers > 1000 VA		N/A
	– electrical function of the transformer		N/A
8.2	Marking for transformers IP00 or for associated transformers: type and trademark, instruction sheets		N/A
8.3	Adjusted voltage easily and clearly discernible	No such device.	N/A
8.4	For each tapping or winding: rated output voltage and rated output		N/A
	necessary connections clearly indicated		N/A
8.5	For short-circuit proof transformers or non-inherently short-circuit proof transformers:	The equipment is noninherently short-circuit proof transformers	P
	Rated current (A or mA) and symbol for time current characteristics of the fuses for non-inherently short-circuit proof transformer with incorporated fuses and non-short-circuit proof transformer	Non-replaceable current fuse (F1) provided. F1: 10AL 250VAC	P
	Manufacturer's model or type reference and rating of the device for non-inherently short-circuit proof transformers with incorporated replaceable protective device (other than fuses)	No such replaceable protective device.	N/A
	Construction sheet for transformers with replaceable protective device (other than fuses) information with information about the replacement.		N/A
8.6	Terminals for neutral: "N"	No terminals intended exclusively for neutral conductor	N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Terminal for protective earth marked with earthing symbol		N/A
	Identification of input terminals: "PRI"		N/A
	Identification of output terminals: "SEC"		N/A
	Symbol for any point/terminal in connection with frame or core		N/A
8.7	Indication for correct connection	Evident from design	P
8.8	Instruction sheet for type X, Y, Z attachments	type X	P
8.9	Transformer for indoor use shall be marked with the relevant symbol.		P
8.10	Symbol for Class II construction not confused with maker's name or trademark.		P
	Class II transformer with parts to be mounted – delivered with all parts for class II after mounting.		P
	Symbol for class II transformer placed on the part which provides class II.		P
8.11	Correct symbols:		P
	Volts	V	P
	Amperes	A (mA)	P
	Volt amperes (or volt-amperes reactive for reactors)	VA or (VAR)	N/A
	Watts	W	N/A
	Hertz	Hz	P
	Input	'Input'	P
	Output	'Output'	P
	Direct current		P
	Neutral	N	N/A
	Single-phase a.c.		N/A
	Three-phase a.c.	3 	N/A
	Three-phase and neutral a.c.	3/N 	N/A
	Power factor	cos φ	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Class II construction		P
	Class III construction		N/A
	Fuse-link	F	N/A
	Rated max. ambient temperature	ta=25°C	P
	Frame or core terminal		N/A
	Protective earth		N/A
	IP number	IP20	P
	Earth (ground for functional earth)		N/A
	For indoor use only		P
	tw5 YYY		N/A
	tw10 YYY		N/A
	twx YYY		N/A
	Additional Symbols (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		P
	SMPS incorporating a Fail-safe separating transformer		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Non-short-circuit-proofseparating transformer		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Short-circuit-proofseparating transformer (inherently or non-inherently)		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Fail-safeisolating transformer		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Non-short-circuit-proofisolating transformer		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	SMPS incorporating a Short-circuit-proof isolating transformer (inherently or non-inherently)	 or 	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Fail-safe safety isolating transformer		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Non-short-circuit-proof safety isolating transformer		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Short-circuit-proof safety isolating transformer (inherently or non-inherently)		P
	SMPS incorporating a Fail-safe auto-transformer	 or 	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Non-short-circuit proofauto-transformer	 or 	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Short-circuit proofauto-transformer (inherently or non-inherently)	 or 	N/A
	SMPS (Switch mode power supply unit)		P
8.12	Figures, letters or other visual means for different positions of regulating devices and switches		N/A
	OFF position indicated by figure 0		N/A
	Greater output, input etc. indicated by higher figure		N/A
8.13	Marking not on screws or other easily removable parts		P
	Marking clearly discernible (transformer ready for use)		P
	Marking for terminals clearly discernible if necessary after removal of the cover		N/A
	Marking for terminals: no confusion between input and output		N/A
	Marking for interchangeable protective devices positioned adjacent to the base		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Marking for interchangeable protective devices clearly discernible after removal of cover and protective device		N/A
8.14	Special information for installation (in the catalogue, data sheet, or instruction sheet) if necessary:	General used, see user manual.	P
	For non-inherently short-circuit proof transformers with non-self-resetting or non replaceable devices (weak-point, thermal link): The device can not be reseted or replaced		N/A
	For transformers generating a protective earth conductor current of 10 mA (see also cl. 18.5.2): The installation shall be made according to the wiring rules.		N/A
	For associated- and IP00-transformers: At 10% over or under voltage in the supply voltage, the rated output of the transformer shall be selected accordingly.		N/A
	For stationary transformers exceeding 1000 VA: The short circuit voltage in % of the rated voltage		N/A
	For all transformers the electrical function: An information about the electrical function of the transformer (e.g. inherently short circuit proof safety isolating transformer)		N/A
	For associated- and IP00-transformers: The max. abnormal winding temperature		N/A
	For tw-transformers: The specific constant S is (e.g. S6 says S = 6000)		N/A
	For transformers with more than one output winding, not for series or parallel connection		N/A
	– an information in the in the instruction sheet: the transformer is not intended for series/parallel connection		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	For IP00-transformers the test of 27.2 is not performed. The result may be affected by the enclosure in the final application.		N/A
8.15	Marking durable and easily legible		P

9	PROTECTION AGAINST ELECTRIC SHOCK		P
9.1	Protection against contact with hazardous live parts		P
9.1.1	A live part is not a hazardous live part if:		P
	– it is separated from the supply by double or reinforced insulation		P
	– the requirements of 9.1.1.1 and 9.1.1.2 are fulfilled		P
9.1.1.1	The touch voltage is ≤ 35 V(peak) a.c. or ≤ 60 Vd.c.	For enclosure/ output terminal : Measured maximum output voltage: Max. 43.5Vdc)	P
9.1.1.2	If the touch voltage is > 35 V (peak)a.c. or > 60 V d.c., the following requirements shall be fulfilled:	See above	N/A
	The touch current shall not exceed:		N/A
	– for a.c. 0,7 mA (peak)		N/A
	– for d.c. 2,0 mA (see Annex J)		N/A
	In addition, when a capacitor is connected to live parts:		—
9.1.1.2.1	discharge: $< 45 \mu\text{C}$ (between 60 V and 15 kV)		N/A
9.1.1.2.2	energy: ≤ 350 mJ (voltage > 15 kV)		N/A
9.1.2	Transformers shall have an adequate protection against accessibility to hazardous live parts:		P
	The enclosure of class I and class II transformers gives an adequate protection against accidental contact with hazardous live parts.		P
	Class I transformers: accessible parts are separated from hazardous live parts by at least basic insulation.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Class II transformers: no accessibility to basic insulation, or conductive parts separated from hazardous live parts by basic insulation.		P
	Hazardous live parts are not accessible after removal of detachable parts.	No detachable parts.	N/A
	Hazardous live parts are not accessible after removal of detachable parts except for:	No detachable parts.	N/A
	– lamps having caps larger B9 and E10		N/A
	– type D fuse holder		N/A
	Lacquers, enamel, paper, cotton, oxide film on metal parts not used for protection against accidental contact with hazardous live parts:		P
	Shafts, handles, operating levers, knobs are not hazardous life parts.	No such part.	N/A
	Compliance is checked by inspection and by relevant tests according to IEC 60 529		P
	Class II transformers and Class II parts of Class I construction are tested with the test pin (fig. 3)		P
	Hazardous live parts shall not be touchable by test finger (fig. 2)		P
	for Class II transformers: metal parts separated by basic insulation from hazardous live parts not touchable by test finger		N/A
	hazardous live parts shall not be touchable with the test pin		P
9.1.3	Accessibility of non hazardous live parts		P
	Non hazardous live parts of the output circuit may be accessible if they are isolated from the input circuit by double or reinforced insulation and if the following conditions are fulfilled:		P
	– The no load output voltage is ≤ 35 V peak a.c. or ≤ 60 V ripple free d.c., both poles are accessible	The no load output voltage:12VDC	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– The no load output voltage is > 35 V peak a.c. or > 60 V ripple free d.c. and ≤ 250 V a.c., only one pole may be accessible		N/A
9.2	Transformers with primary supply plug: 1 s after the interruption of the supply the voltage between the pins do not exceed 35 V (peak) a.c. or 60 V ripple free d.c.		N/A
	Transformers without a primary supply plug: 5 s after the interruption of the supply the voltage between the input terminals do not exceed 35 V (peak) a.c. or 60 V ripple free d.c.		N/A
	The following tests are required :		N/A
	If the nominal capacitance is ≤ 0,1 μF – no test is conducted.		N/A
	– 10 times switch the supply source on and off, or use a special equipment for to switch off at the most unfavourable electrical angle		N/A
	If the measured voltage is > 60 V ripple free d.c., the discharge must be ≤ 45 μC.		N/A

10	CHANGE OF INPUT VOLTAGE SETTING		P
	Voltage setting not possible to change without a tool	No such device.	N/A
	Different rated supply voltages:	Wide range input voltage.	N/A
	– indication of voltage for which the transformer is set, is discernible on the transformer.		N/A
10.101	A wide range of the input (100 V a. c. to 240 V a.c voltage is allowed (IEC 61558-2-16:09):		P
	– if the output voltages does not exceed the rated output voltage		P
	– if the no-load voltage does not exceed the limits of output voltage deviation		P

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
11	OUTPUT VOLTAGE AND OUTPUT CURRENT UNDER LOAD		P
11.1	Difference from rated value (without rectifier; with rectifier):		P
	a) inherently short-circuit proof transformers with one rated output voltage for output voltage: a.c. $\leq 10\%$; d.c. $\leq 15\%$		N/A
	b) inherently short-circuit proof transformers with one more than 1 rated output voltage for highest output voltage: a.c. $\leq 10\%$; d.c. $\leq 15\%$		N/A
	c) idem for other output voltages: a.c. $\leq 15\%$; d.c. $\leq 20\%$		N/A
	d) other transformers for output voltages: a.c. $\leq 5\%$; d.c. $\leq 10\%$	10%(see appended table)	P

12	NO-LOAD OUTPUT VOLTAGE (see supplementary requirements in Part 2)		P
	Remark: with rectifier measuring on both sides of the rectifier		P
12.101	The no load output voltage shall not exceed (IEC 61558-2-16:09):		P
	– For SMPS incorporating separating or auto-transformers: 1000V a.c. or 1415 V ripple free d.c.		N/A
	– For SMPS including isolating transformers: 500 V a.c. or 708 V ripple-free d.c.		N/A
	– For SMPS including safety isolating transformers: 50 V a.c. or 120 V ripple-free d.c.		P
	For independent transformers, this output voltage limitation applies even when output windings, not for interconnection, are connected in series		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
12.202	The difference between output voltage at no load and the output voltage measured in clause 11 does not exceed the values of table 101 (IEC 61558-2-16:2009), Rated output (VA) Rated value %		P

13	SHORT-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE		N/A
	Difference from marking for short-circuit voltage ≤ 20%	No short circuit voltage	N/A

14	HEATING		P
14.1	General requirements		P
	No excessive temperature in normal use		P
	Room temperature: rated ambient temperature $t_a \pm 5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		P
	Type X, Y, Z attachments: 1 pull (5 N) to the connection windings		P
	U _{pri} (V): 1,1 times rated supply voltage loaded with rated impedance – for independent transformers	1.1X240V=264VAC	P
	U _{pri} (V): 1,1 times rated supply voltage: with 1 sec (A), measured with rated impedance and 1,0 times of the rated supply voltage for others than independent transformers		—
	Type X, Y, Z attachments: 1 pull (5 N) to the connection windings		P
	Max. temperature windings..... : (see appended table)		P
	– Class A: ≤ 100 °C		N/A
	– Class E: ≤ 115 °C		N/A
	– Class B: ≤ 120 °C	(see appended table)	P
	– Class F: ≤ 140 °C		N/A
	– Class H: ≤ 165 °C		N/A
	– other classes		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Temperature of external enclosures of stationary transformers:		N/A
	– metal: $\leq 70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– other material: $\leq 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	Temperature of external enclosure of stationary transformer $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ (not touchable with the IEC test finger)		N/A
	Temperature of external enclosures, handles, etc. of portable transformers:		N/A
	– continuously held parts of metal: $\leq 55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– continuously held parts of other material: $\leq 75\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– not continuously held parts of metal: $\leq 60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– not continuously held parts of other material: $\leq 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	Temperature of terminals for external conductors $\leq 70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	Temperature of terminals of switches $\leq 70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	Temperature of internal and external wiring:	T marked sources used. (see appended table)	P
	– rubber: $\leq 65\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– PVC: $\leq 70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	Temperature of parts where safety can be affected:		N/A
	– rubber: $\leq 75\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– phenol-formaldehyde: $\leq 105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– urea-formaldehyde: $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– impregnated paper and fabric: $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– impregnated wood: $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– PVC, polystyrene and similar thermoplastic material: $\leq 65\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	– varnished cambric: $\leq 75\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	Temperature rise of supports $\leq 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	(see appended table)	P

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Temperature of printed boards:	T mark of these components used.	P
	– bonded with phenol-formaldehyde: ≤ 105 °C		N/A
	– melamine-formaldehyde: ≤ 105 °C		N/A
	– phenol-furfural: ≤ 105 °C		N/A
	– polyester: ≤ 105 °C		N/A
	– bonded with epoxy: ≤ 140 °C		N/A
	Electric strength between input and output windings (18.3, 1 min); test voltage (V)		P
14.101	Winding temperature measured by thermocouples at the surface of the winding(IEC 61558-2-16:09)		P
	– if the internal frequencies is > 1kHz		P
	– the values of Table 1 for windings temperatures are reduced by 10° C		P
14.2	Application of 14.1 or 14.3 according to the insulation system		P
14.2.1	Class of isolating system (classified materials according to IEC 60 085 and IEC 60 216)	Class B	P
14.2.2	No classified material, or system but the measured temperature does not exceed the value of Class A		N/A
14.2.3	No classified material or system but the measured temperature exceeds the value for Class A, the live parts of the transformers are submitted to the test of 14.3		N/A
14.3	Accelerated ageing test for undeclared class of isolating system		N/A
	Cycling test (10 cycles):		N/A
	– measuring of the no-load input current (mA)		N/A
14.3.1	– heat run (temperature in table 2)		N/A
14.3.2	– vibration test: 30 min; amplitude 0,35 mm; frequency range: 10 Hz, 55 Hz, 10 Hz		N/A
14.3.3	– moisture treatment (48 h, 17.2)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
14.3.4	Measurements and tests at the beginning and after each test:		N/A
	– deviation of the no-load input current, measured at the beginning of the test is $\leq 30\%$		N/A
	– insulation resistance acc. cl.18.1 and 18.2		N/A
	– electric strength, no breakdown (18.3); 2 min; test voltage 35% of specified value (table VI)		N/A
	– Transformers (50 or 60 Hz version) are tested after the dielectric strength test as follows: under no load; duration: 5 min; Upri(V):1,2 times rated supply voltage; frequency (Hz): 2 times rated frequency		N/A

15	SHORT-CIRCUIT AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION		P
15.1	General		P
	Tests direct after 14.1 at the same t_a and without changing position.	(see appended table)	P
	Supply voltage between 0,9 times and 1,1 times of the rated supply voltage	1.1X240V=264V	P
	Transformer with rectifier tests of 15.2 and 15.3 at the input and the output terminals of the rectifier.		N/A
	Transformers with more than one output winding or tapping, all windings tested with normal load, the winding with the highest temperature is short circuited.		N/A
	Winding protected inherently (15.2)		N/A
	– Max. temperature of winding protected inherently (insulation class): $\leq 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (A); $\leq 165\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (E); $\leq 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (B); $\leq 190\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (F); $\leq 210\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (H)		N/A
	Winding protected by protective device:		P

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– Test according 15.3.2 - 15.3.3 – 15.3.4: max. temperature of winding during the time required or the time T given in table 4 (a) (insulation class): ≤ 200 °C (A); ≤ 215 °C (E); ≤ 225 °C (B); ≤ 240 °C (F); ≤ 260 °C (H)		N/A
	– Test according 15.3.1: max. temperature of winding during the first hour, peak value (insulation class): ≤ 200 °C (A); ≤ 215 °C (E); ≤ 225 °C (B); ≤ 240 °C (F); ≤ 260 °C (H)		N/A
	– Test according 15.3.1: max. temperature of winding after first hour, peak value (insulation class): ≤ 175 °C (A); ≤ 190 °C (E); ≤ 200 °C (B); ≤ 215 °C (F); ≤ 235 °C (H)		N/A
	– Test according 15.3.1: max. temperature of winding after first hour, arithmetic mean value (insulation class): ≤ 150 °C (A); ≤ 165 °C (E); ≤ 175 °C (B); ≤ 190 °C (F); ≤ 210 °C (H)	(see appended table)	P
	Max. temperature of external enclosures (accessible by test finger) ≤ 105 °C		P
	Max. temperature of insulation of wiring (rubber and PVC) ≤ 85 °C		P
	Temperature rise of supports ≤ 105 °C		P
15.2	For inherently short-circuit proof transformers and for transformers with rectifiers test by short circuit of the output winding at rated supply voltage x 1,1: temperature rises ≤ values in table 3		N/A
15.3	For non-inherently short-circuit proof transformers and for transformers with rectifiers: temperature rises ≤ values in table 3		P
15.3.1	Output terminals short-circuited: protection device operates, test at 0,9 ... 1,1 of the rated supply voltage	1) short-circuit after 14.2 at hot condition, electronic circuit protected immediately 2) short-circuit at cold condition, electronic circuit protected immediately	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
15.3.2	If protected by a fuse accordance with either IEC 60 269-2 or IEC 60 269-3, or a technical equivalent fuse, the transformer is loaded as in table 4.		N/A
15.3.3	If protected by a fuse accordance with either IEC 60 127 or ISO 8820, or a technical equivalent fuse, the transformer is loaded with the current as specified for the longest pre arcing time. <i>If protected by a miniature fuses in accordance to IEC 60127, 1,5 times of the rated fuse, until steady state condition (in addition)</i>		N/A
15.3.4	If protected by a circuit-breaker according to IEC 60 898 the transformer is loaded with a current equal to 1,45 times the value of the circuit-breaker rated current		N/A
15.3.5	If other overload protection than a fuse (IEC 60 127) or a circuit-breaker (IEC 60 898) test with 0,95 times of operating current		P
	If an internal weak point is used, the test must be repeated with two new samples. The two additional samples works similar to the first sample. Temperatures in the limit of table 3		N/A
15.4	For non-short-circuit proof transformers: temperature rises \leq values in table 3, tests as indicated in 15.3		N/A
15.5	For fail-safe transformers:		N/A
15.5.1	Three additional new specimens are used		N/A
	– U _{pr} (V): 1,1 times rated supply voltage		N/A
	– I _{sec} (A): 1,5 times rated output current		N/A
	– time until steady-state conditions t ₁ (h)		N/A
	– time until failure t ₂ (h): \leq t ₁ ; \leq 5 h		N/A
15.5.2	During the test:		N/A
	– no flames, molten material, etc.		N/A
	– temperature of enclosure \leq 175 °C		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– temperature of plywood support $\leq 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		N/A
	After the test:		N/A
	– electric strength (Cl. 18, 1 min, test voltage: 35% of specified value); no flashover or breakdown for primary-to-secondary only for safety isolating, isolating and separating transformer and for primary-to-body for all kinds of transformer		N/A
	– bare hazardous live parts not accessible by test finger through holes of enclosure		N/A
15.101	Electronic circuits of the SMPS fulfils the requirements of Annex H of part 1 . After a fault: no electric shock, no fire hazard and no unintentional operation.	(Details see Annex H)	P

16	MECHANICAL STRENGTH		P
16.1	General		P
	After tests of 16.2, 16.3 and 16.4		P
	– no damage	No damage	P
	– hazardous live parts not accessible by test pin according to 9.2		P
	– no damage for insulating barriers		P
	– handles, levers, etc. have not moved on shafts	No such parts	N/A
16.2	Transformers (stationary and portable s. 16.1)		P
	For stationary and portable transformers: 3 blows, impact energy 0,5 Nm	3 blows, 0.5 Nm	P
16.3	Portable transformers (except of plug in transformers)		P
	For portable transformers: 100 falls, 25 mm		P
16.4	Transformers with integrated pins (plug in transformers), the following tests are carried out:		N/A
	a) plug-in transformers: tumbling barrel test: 50 x $\leq 250\text{ g}$; 25 x $\leq 250\text{ g}$		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	b) torque test of the plug pins with 0,4 Nm		N/A
	c) pull force according to table 5 for each pin		N/A

17	PROTECTION AGAINST HARMFUL INGRESS OF WATER AND MOISTURE		P
17.1	Degree of protection (IP code marked on the transformer)	IP20	P
	Test according to 17.1.1 and for other IP ratings test according to IEC 60 529:		P
	– stable operating temperature before starting the test for < IPX8		N/A
	– transformer mounted and wired as in normal use		P
	– fixed transformer mounted as in normal use by the tests according to 17.1.1 A to L		P
	– portable transformers placed in the most unfavourable position and wired as in normal use		N/A
	– glands tightened with a torque equal to two-thirds of 25.6		N/A
	After the tests:		P
	– dielectric strength test according to 18.3	See clause 18.3.	P
	Inspection:		P
	a) in dust-proof transformers no deposit of talcum powder		N/A
	b) no deposit of talcum powder inside dust-tight transformers		N/A
	c) no trace of water on live parts except SELV parts below 15 V ac or 25 V dc or insulation if hazard for the user or surroundings no reduction of creepage distances		N/A
	d) no accumulation of water in transformers ≥ IPX1 so as to impair safety		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	e) no trace of water entered in any part of water-tight transformer		N/A
	f) no entry into the transformer by the relevant test probe		P
17.1.1	Tests on transformers with enclosure:		P
	A) Solid-object-proof transformers:	IP20	P
	- 2 IP2X test finger (IEC 60 529) and test pin (fig. 3)		P
	B) Solid-object-proof transformers:		N/A
	- wire 2,5 mm; force 3 N		N/A
	- IP4X, wire 1 mm; force 1 N		N/A
	C) Dust-proof transformers, IP5X; dust chamber according to IEC 60 529, fig. 2:		N/A
	a) transformer has operating temperature		N/A
	b) transformer, still operating, is placed in the dust chamber		N/A
	c) the door of the dust chamber is closed		N/A
	d) fan/blower is switched on		N/A
	e) after 1 min transformer is switched off for cooling time of 3 h		N/A
	A) Dust-tight transformers (IP6X) test according to C)		N/A
	B) Drip-proof transformers (IPX1) test according to fig. 3 of IEC 60 529 for 10 min		N/A
	C) Rain-proof transformers (IPX2) test according to fig. 3 of IEC 60 529 for 10 min in operation, any angle up to 15°		N/A
	D) Spray proofed transformers (IPX3) test according to fig. 4 of IEC 60 529 for 10 min in operation and 10 min switched off , time for complete oscillation (2 x 120°) is 4 sec.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	E) Splash-proof transformers (IPX4) test according to fig. 4 of IEC 60 529 (see F) for 10 min in operation and 10 min switched off (the tube shall oscillate $\approx 360^\circ$)		N/A
	F) Jet-proof transformer (IPX5) test according to fig. 6 of IEC 60 529 (nozzle 6,3mm)		N/A
	G) Powerful Jet-proof transformer (IPX6) test according to fig. 6 of IEC 60 529 (nozzle 12 mm)		N/A
	H) Watertight transformers (IPX7)		N/A
	I) Pressure watertight transformers (IPX8)		N/A
17.2	After moisture test (48 h for \leq IP20, 168 h for other transformers):	IP20	P
	– insulation resistance and electric strength (Cl. 18)	See clause 18.2 & 18.3	P

18	INSULATION RESISTANCE AND ELECTRIC STRENGTH		P
18.2	Insulation resistance between:		P
	– live parts and body for basic insulation $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	>100 M	P
	– live parts and body for reinforced insulation $\geq 7 \text{ M}\Omega$		N/A
	– input circuits and output circuits for basic insulation $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$		N/A
	– input circuits and output circuits for double or reinforced insulation $\geq 5 \text{ M}\Omega$	>100 M	P
	– each input circuit and all other input circuits connected together $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	Only one input circuit	N/A
	– each output circuit and all other output circuits connected together $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	Only one output circuits	N/A
	– hazardous live parts and metal parts with basic insulation (Class II transformers) $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$		N/A
	– body and metal parts with basic insulation (Class II transformers) $\geq 5 \text{ M}\Omega$		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– metal foil in contact with inner and outer surfaces of enclosures $\geq 2 M\Omega$		N/A
18.3	Electric strength test (1 min): no flashover or breakdown:		P
	1) basic insulation between input circuits and output circuits; working voltage (V); test voltage (V)		N/A
	2) double or reinforced insulation between input circuits and output circuits; working voltage (V); test voltage (V)	See appendix table 18.3	P
	3) basic or supplementary insulation between:		P
	a) live parts of different polarity; working voltage (V); test voltage (V)	See appendix table 18.3	P
	b) live parts and the body if intended to be connected to protective earth		P
	c) inlet bushings and cord guards and anchorages		N/A
	d) live parts and an intermediate conductive part		N/A
	e) intermediate conductive parts and body		N/A
	1) Reinforced insulation between the body and live parts; working voltage (V); test voltage (V) ..		N/A
	2) Functional insulation for windings intended to be connected in series or parallel (test voltage = working voltage + 500 V) (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		P
18.4	Does not apply (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		--
18.101	Impulse test according Table F5 of IEC 60664-1 with 1,2/50 μ s (IEC 61558-2-16)		P
	– After the test of 18.3, 10 impulses of each polarity between input and output terminals		P
	– During the tests no breakdown of the insulation between turns of a winding, between input and output circuits, or between windings and any conductive core		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
18.102 (A1)	Partial discharge tests according to IEC 60664-1 , if the working voltage is > 750 V peak		N/A
	Partial discharge is < 10 pC at time P2 See Fig. 19.101		N/A
18.5	Touch current and protective earth current		P
18.5.1	Touch current		P
	Touch current measured after the clause 14 test (hot) for class I and class II transformers (class II transformers with metal foil at the plastic surface). The test circuit according figure 8. Measuring network according Figure J1 (Annex J). If the frequency is >30kHz, measuring across the 500 Ohm resistor of J1 (burn effects).	The touch current was measured from primary to conductive parts (secondary o/p) and enclosure	P
	Measurement of the touch current with switch p of picture 8 in both positions and in combination with switches e and n. The measured values are less than the required values of table 8b.	Same as cause 9.1.1.2	P
	– switches n and e in on position		P
	– switch n: off and switch e: on		P
	– switch n: on and switch e: off		P
18.5.2	Protective earth conductor current		P
	The transformer is connected as in clause 14 Impedance of the ammeter < 0,5 Ohm, connected between earth terminal of the transformer and protective earth conductor		P
	The measured values are less than the required values of table 8b.		P

19	CONSTRUCTION		P
19.1	Separation of input and output circuits	Transformer T1 used	P
19.1.1	SMPS incorporating auto-transformers (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
19.1.1.1	For plug connected auto-transformers with rated input voltage > rated output voltage the potential to earth shall not exceed the rated output voltage. (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
19.1.1.2	SMPS with polarised input and output plug and socket-outlet system: an instruction is given with the information, that the transformer shall not be used with non-polarised plug and socket outlet system. (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
19.1.1.3	A polarity detecting device only energise the output in the case: output potential to earth \leq rated output voltage, also with reversed input plug. (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
	– The contact separation of the device is \geq 3mm		N/A
	– A current to earth does not exceed 0,75 mA.		N/A
	– All tests are repeated under fault conditions of H.2.3 of annex H of part 1. The potential to earth does not exceed the max output voltage for more than 5 s.		N/A
19.1.2	SMPS incorporating separating transformers (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		P
19.1.2.1	Input and output circuits electrically separated. (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
19.1.2.2	The insulation between input and output winding(s) consist of basic insulation (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	Class I SMPS		N/A
	– Insulation between input windings and body consist of basic insulation		N/A
	– Insulation between output windings and body consist of basic insulation		N/A
	Class II SMPS (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		P
	– Insulation between input windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation		P
	– Insulation between output windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
19.1.2.3	The insulation between input windings and intermediate conductive parts and the output windings and intermediate part consist of basic insulation (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	For class I SMPS the insulation between input and output windings via the intermediate conductive parts consist of basic insulation (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
	For class II SMPS the insulation between input winding and the body and between the output windings and the body via the intermediate conductive parts consist of double or reinforced insulation. (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		P
19.1.2.4	Parts of output circuits may be connected to protective earth (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
19.1.2.5	No direct contact between output circuits and the body, unless: (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
	– Allowed for associated transformers by the equipment standard		N/A
	– Clause 19.8 of part 1 is fulfilled		N/A
19.1.3	SMPS incorporating isolating transformers and safety isolating transformers (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		P
19.1.3.1	Input and output circuits electrically separated (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		P
	No possibility of any connection between these circuits		P
19.1.3.2	The insulation between input and output winding(s) consist of double or reinforced insulation (exception see 19.1.3.4) (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		P
	Class I SMPS not intended for connection to the mains by a plug:		N/A
	– Insulation between input windings and body connected to earth consist of basic insulation rated to the input voltage		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– Insulation between output windings and body, connected to earth consist of basic insulation rated for the output voltage		N/A
	Class I SMPS intended for connection to the mains by a plug (EN 61558-2-16:09):		N/A
	– Insulation between input windings and body connected to earth consist of basic insulation rated to the working voltage		N/A
	– Insulation between output windings and body, connected to earth consist of supplementary insulation rated for the working voltage		N/A
	Class II SMPS (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		P
	– Insulation between input windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation rated to the input voltage		P
	– Insulation between output windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation, rated to the output voltage		P
19.1.3.3	SMPS with intermediate conductive parts not connected to the body (between input/output) (EN 61558-2-16:09):		P
19.1.3.3.1	For class I and class II SMPS the insulation between input and output windings, via intermediate conductive parts, consist of double or reinforced insulation, rated to the working voltage (EN 61558-2-16:09).		P
	– For class II SMPS the insulation between input winding and the body and between the output windings and the body via the intermediate conductive parts consist of double or reinforced insulation. (rated to the input voltage, for SELV circuits only basic insulation to the body)		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– For transformers, different from independent, the insulation between input and output windings, via intermediate conductive parts, consist of double or reinforced insulation, rated to the working voltage.		P
19.1.3.3.2	Class I transformers with earthed core, and not allowed for class II equipment (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	– Insulation from the input to the earthed core: basic insulation rated for the input voltage		N/A
	– Insulation from the output voltage to the earthed core: basic insulation rated for the output voltage		N/A
19.1.3.3.3	Insulation between : input to intermediate conductive parts and output and intermediate parts consist of at least basic insulation (EN 61558-2-16:09)		P
	– If the insulation from input or output to the intermediate metal part is less than basic insulation, the part is considered to be connected to input or output.		P
19.1.3.4	For class I SMPS, with protective screen, not connected to the mains by a plug the following conditions comply (EN 61558-2-16:09):	No protective screen used.	N/A
	– The insulation between input winding and protective screen consist of basic insulation (rated input voltage)		N/A
	– The insulation between output winding and protective screen consist of basic insulation (rated output voltage)		N/A
	– The protective screen consist of metal foil or a wire wound screen extending the full width of the windings and has no gaps or holes		N/A
	– Where the protective screen does not cover the entire width of the input winding, additional insulation to ensure double insulation in this area, is used.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– If the screen is made by a foil, the turns are isolated, overlap at least 3 mm		N/A
	– The cross-section of the screen and the lead out wire is at least corresponding to the rated current of the overload device		N/A
	– The lead out wire is soldered or fixed to the protective screen.		N/A
	Protective screening is not allowed for SMPS with plug connection to the mains (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
19.1.3.5	No connection between output circuit and protective earth, except of associated transformers (allowed by equipment standard) or 19.8 is fulfilled (EN 61558-2-16:09).		P
19.1.3.6	No connection between output circuit and body, except of associated transformers (allowed by equipment standard) (EN 61558-2-16:09)		P
19.1.3.7	The distance between input and output terminals for the connection of external wiring is ≥ 25 mm		P
19.1.3.8	Portable SMPS having an rated output ≤ 630 VA (EN 61558-2-16:09)	rated output:68VA	P
19.1.3.9	No connection between input and output circuit, except of associated transformers (allowed by equipment standard) (EN 61558-2-16:09)		P
19.1.3.10	Protective screening is not allowed for SMPS with plug connection to the mains (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
19.2	Fiercely burning material not used	No such materials	P
	Unimpregnated cotton, silk, paper and fibrous material not used as insulation		P
	Wax-impregnated, etc. not used		P
19.3	Portable transformer: short-circuit proof or fail-safe		N/A
19.4	Class II transformers: contact between accessible metal parts and conduits or metal sheaths of supply wiring impossible		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
19.5	Class II transformers: part of supplementary or reinforced insulation, during reassembly after routine servicing not omitted		P
19.6	Class I and II transformers: creepage distances and clearances over supplementary or reinforced insulation if wire, screw, nut, etc. become loose or fall out of position not $\leq 50\%$ specified values (Cl. 26)		P
19.7	Conductive parts connected to accessible metal parts by resistors or capacitors shall be separated from hazardous live parts by double or reinforced insulation	No such parts	N/A
19.8	Resistors or capacitors connected between hazardous live parts and the body (accessible metal parts) consist of:		P
	– components according to IEC 60 065, 14.1 or capacitor Y1 according to IEC 60 384-14		P
	– at least two separate components		P
	– if one component is short-circuited or opened, values specified in Cl. 9 shall not be exceeded	approved CY1 bridge capacitor used	P
	– if the working voltage is ≤ 250 V, one Y1 capacitor according 60384-14 is allowed		N/A
19.9	Insulation material input/output and supplementary insulation of rubber resistant to ageing		P
	Creepage distances (if cracks) \geq specified values (Cl. 26)	UL approved type, and no rubber used.	P
19.10	Protection against accidental contact by insulating coating:	No such coating.	N/A
	a) ageing test (section I, IEC 60 068-2-2), test Ba: 168 h; 70 °C		N/A
	b) impact test (spring-operated impact hammer according to IEC 60 068-2-63; $0,5 \pm 0,05$ J)		N/A
	c) scratch test (hardened steel pin) electric strength test according to Cl. 18		N/A
19.11	Handles, levers, knobs, etc.:		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– insulating material	No such parts.	N/A
	– supplementary insulation covering		N/A
	– separated from shafts or fixing by supplementary insulation		N/A
19.12	Windings construction		P
19.12.1	Undue displacement in all types of transformers not allowed:	Adhesive tape used.	P
	– of input or output windings or turns thereof		P
	– of internal wiring or wires for external connection		P
	– of parts of windings or of internal wiring in case of rupture or loosening		P
19.12.2	Serrated tape:		N/A
	– distance through insulation according to table 13		N/A
	– one additional layer of serrated tape, and		N/A
	– one additional layer without serration		N/A
	– in case of cheekless bobbins the end turns of each layer shall be prevented from being displaced		N/A
19.12.3 (A1)	Insulated windings wires providing basic, supplementary or reinforced insulation, meet the following requirements:		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multi-layer extruded or spirally wrapped insulation, passed the tests of annex K 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic insulation: two wrapped or one extruded wire 		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplementary insulation: two layers, wrapped or extruded 		P
	– Reinforced insulation: three layers wrapped or extruded		N/A
	Spirally wrapped insulation:		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> creepage distances between wrapped layers > cl. 26 _ P1 values 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> path between wrapped layers sealed, the test voltage of K2 is multiplied with 1,35 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> test 26.2.3 – Test A, passed for wrapped layers 		N/A
	– the finished component pass the electric strength test according to cl. 18.3		N/A
a)	Insulated winding wire used for basic or supplementary insulation in a wound part:		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> comply with annex K 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> two layers for supplementary insulation 		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for basic insulation 		P
	– one layer for mechanical separation between the insulated wires of primary and secondary. This layer fulfils the requirement of basic insulation.		P
b)	Insulated winding wire used for reinforced insulation in a wound part:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> comply with annex K 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> three layers 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 		N/A
	Where the insulated winding wire is wound:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> upon metal or ferrite cores 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> upon enamelled wire 		N/A
	– under enamelled wire		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation between the insulated wires and the core or the enamelled wires is required. This layer fulfils the requirement of basic insulation. 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> both windings shall not touch each other and also not the core. 		N/A
	100 % routine test of Annex K3 of part 1 is fulfilled		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	no creepage distances and clearances for insulated winding wirers		N/A
	for TIW wires values of box 2) c) of table 13, table C.1 and table D.1 of part 1 and of clause 26.106 are not required		N/A
FIW	Transformers which use FIW wire		N/A
19.12.101 (A1)	Max. class F for transformers which use FIW-wire		N/A
19.12.102 (A1)	FIW wires comply with IEC 60851-5, Ed.4.1; IEC 60317-0-7 and IEC 60317-56, Ed.1.		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> other nominal diameter as mentioned in table 19.101 can be calculated with the formula after table 19.111 		N/A
	FIW wire used for basic or supplementary insulation for transformers according 19.1.2 (separating-transformers) of IEC 61558-2-16:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage of basic or supplementary insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation is located between the insulated wires of primary and secondary. This layer fulfil the requirement of basic insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> between FIW and enamelled wire, no requirements of creepage distances and clearances 		N/A
	– no touch of FIW and enamelled wires (grad 1, or grad 2 ...)		N/A
	FIW wire used for double or reinforced insulation for transformers according 19.1.3 (isolating and safety isolating transformers) of IEC 61558-2-16 (PRI and SEC basic insulated FIW-wire):		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage of basic or supplementary insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	– for primary and secondary winding FIW-wire for basic insulation is used		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation is located between the insulated wires of primary and secondary. This layer fulfil the requirement of basic insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> no touch between the basic insulated PRI and SEC FIW-wires 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> between PRI- and SEC-FIW wires, no requirements of creepage distances and clearances 		N/A
	Alternative construction used for reinforced insulation (reinforced insulated FIW wire and enamelled wire)		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage reinforced insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	– one layer for mechanical separation is located between the reinforced insulated FIW wire and the enamelled wire. This layer fulfil the requirement of basic insulation		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> no touch between the FIW wire and the enamelled wire 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> between the reinforced FIW wire and any other parts, no requirements of creepage distances and clearances exist 		N/A
	Alternative construction with FIW wires, basic or supplementary insulated for transformers with double or reinforced insulation according to 19.1.3 (basic/supplementary insulated FIW wire + enamelled wire + creepage distance and clearances for basic insulation)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage of basic or supplementary insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PRI or SEC basic insulated FIW wire and to the other winding (enamelled wire) requirements of supplementary insulation 		N/A
	– creepage distances and clearances between the basic insulated FIW wire and the enamelled wire for basic or supplementary insulation are required.		N/A
	Where the FIW wire is wound		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> upon metal or ferrite cores 		N/A
	– one layer for mechanical separation between the insulated wires and the core or the enamelled wires is required. This layer fulfils the requirement of basic insulation.		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> both windings shall not touch each other and also not the core. 		N/A
19.13	Handles, operating levers and the like shall be fixed	No such parts.	N/A
19.14	Protection against electric shock: covers securely fixed, 2 independent fixing means, one with tool		P
19.15	Transformer with pins for fixed socket-outlets: no strain on socket-outlet		N/A
	Additional torque $\leq 0,25$ Nm		N/A
19.16	Protection index for portable transformers:		P
	≤ 200 VA \geq IP20 and instructions for use	IP20	P
	> 200 VA $\leq 2,5$ kVA \geq IPX4 (single-phase)		N/A
	> 200 VA $\leq 6,3$ kVA \geq IPX4 (polyphase)		N/A
	$> 2,5$ VA (single-phase) \geq IP21		N/A
	$> 6,3$ VA (polyphase) \geq IP21		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
19.17	Transformers IPX1 - IPX6 totally enclosed, except for drain hole (diameter ≥ 5 mm or 20 mm ² with width ≥ 3 mm); drain hole not required for transformer completely filled with insulating materials		N/A
19.18	Transformers \geq IPX1 with a moulded, if any		N/A
19.19	Class I transformers with a non-detachable flexible cable or cord with earth conductor and a plug with earth contact		N/A
19.20	Live parts of SELV and PELV-circuits: separation not less than PRI/SEC of a safety isolating transformer		P
	– SELV output circuits separated by double or reinforced insulation from all other than SELV or PELV circuits		P
	– SELV output circuits separated by basic insulation from other SELV or PELV circuits		N/A
19.20.1	SELV circuits and parts not connected to protective earth, to live parts, or protective conductors forming part of other circuits	The terminal doesn't connect to protective earth, to live parts, or protective conductors forming part of other circuits	P
	Nominal voltage (V) > 25 V a.c. or 60 V d.c., the required insulation fulfils the high voltage test according to table 8 a		P
19.20.2	PELV-circuits double or reinforced insulation is necessary		N/A
19.21	FELV-circuits: protection against contact fulfils the min. test voltage required for the primary circuit		N/A
19.22	Class II transformers shall not be provided with means for protective earth	No protective earth	P
	For fixed transformers an earth conductor with double or reinforced insulation to accessible metal parts is allowed		N/A
19.23	Class III transformers shall not be provided with means for protective earth		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
20	COMPONENTS		P
	Components such as switches, plugs, fuses, lamp holders, flexible cables and cords, comply with relevant IEC standard	(see appended table)	P
	Components inside the transformer pass all tests of this standard together with the transformer tests		P
	Testing of components separately to the transformer according the relevant standard:		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ratings of the component in line with the transformer ratings, including inrush current. Component test according the component standard, based on the component marking (rating). 		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Components without markings tested under transformer conditions including inrush current. 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – If no IEC standard exist, the component is tested under transformer conditions. 		N/A
20.1	Appliance couplers for main supply shall comply with:		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – IEC 60 320 for IPX0 		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – IEC 60 309 for other 		N/A
20.2	Automatic controls shall comply with IEC 60 730-1		N/A
20.3	Thermal-links comply with IEC 60691		N/A
20.4	Switches shall comply with annex F		N/A
	Disconnection from the supply:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – by a switch, disconnecting all poles of the supply (full disconnection under the relevant overvoltage category 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – or a flexible supply cable and cord with plug 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – or an instruction sheet: disconnection by all-poles switches incorporated in fixed wiring 		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
20.5	Socket-outlets of the output circuit shall be such that there is no unsafe compatibility to plugs complying with input circuit.		N/A
	Plugs and socket-outlets for SELV systems with both a rated current = 3A and a rated voltage =24 V shall comply with following:		N/A
	SELV plug and socket-outlets shall comply with IEC 60 884-2-4 and IEC 60 906-3		N/A
	– It is not possible for plugs to enter socket-outlets of other standardised voltage system		N/A
	– Socket outlets do not accommodate plugs of other standardised voltage systems		N/A
	– Socket outlets do not have a protective earth contact		N/A
	PELV plug and socket-outlets shall comply with following:		N/A
	– It is not possible for plugs to enter socket-outlets of other standardised voltage system		N/A
	– Socket outlets do not accommodate plugs of other standardised voltage systems		N/A
	– Socket outlets do not have a protective earth contact		N/A
	FELV plug and socket-outlets shall comply with following:		N/A
	– It is not possible for plugs to enter socket-outlets of other standardised voltage system		N/A
	– Socket outlets do not accommodate plugs of other standardised voltage systems		N/A
20.6	Thermal cut-outs, overload releases etc. have adequate breaking capacity		N/A
	– Thermal cut outs fulfil the relevant requirements of 20.7 and 20.8		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– Thermal links fulfil the relevant requirements of 20.8		N/A
	– The breaking capacity is in accordance with the relevant fuse standard		N/A
20.6.1	For Fuses According IEC 60127 and IEC 60269, the fuse current does not exceed 1,1 times of the rated value		P
20.7	Thermal cut outs shall meet the requirements of 20.7.1.1 and 20.7.2, or 20.7.1.2 and 20.7.2.		N/A
20.7.1	Requirements according to IEC 60730-1		N/A
20.7.1.1	Thermal cut-out tested as component shall comply with IEC 60 730-1		N/A
20.7.1.2	Thermal cut-out tested as a part of the transformer		N/A
	a) Thermal cut outs type 1 or type 2 (IEC 60730-1)		N/A
	b) Thermal cut outs fulfil the requirements of micro-interruption (type 1C or 2 C) or micro-disconnection, (type 1B or 2B) (see IEC 60730-1)		N/A
	c) Thermal cut outs with manual rest have a trip free mechanism (type 1E and 2E) (see IEC 60730-1)		N/A
	d) The number of cycles of automatic action shall be:		N/A
	– 3000 cycles for self resetting thermal cut-outs		N/A
	– 300 cycles for non self resetting thermal cut-outs resetting by hand		N/A
	– 300 cycles for non self resetting thermal cut-outs resetting disconnecting		N/A
	– 30 cycles for non self resetting thermal cut-outs which are only resettable by a tool		N/A
	e) Thermal cut outs fulfil the electrical stress according IEC 60730-1, 6.14.2		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	f) Characteristic of thermal cut-outs:		N/A
	– ratings according IEC 60730-1, cl. 5		N/A
	– classification according to:		N/A
	1) nature of supply to IEC 60730-1, cl. 6.1		N/A
	2) type of load controlled to IEC 60730-1, cl. 6.2		N/A
	3) degree of protection IPX0 to IEC 60730-1, cl. 6.5.1		N/A
	4) degree of protection IP0X to IEC 60730-1, cl. 6.5.2		N/A
	5) pollution degree to IEC 60730-1, cl. 6.5.3		N/A
	6) comparative tracking index to IEC 60730-1, cl. 6.13		N/A
	7) max. ambient temperature to IEC 60730-1, cl. 6.7		N/A
20.7.1.2	Thermal cut-out tested as a part of the transformer, test with 3 samples:		N/A
	– at least micro-interruption or micro-disconnection (IEC 60730-1)		N/A
	– 300 h aged at t_a (transformer) + 10°C		N/A
	– subjected to a number of cycles for automatic operating according 20.7.1.1		N/A
	During the test no sustaining arcing shall occur, during and after the test no damage at the thermal cut out and the transformer in the sense of this standard		N/A
20.7.2	Thermal cut-outs shall have adequate breaking capacity		N/A
20.7.2.1	The output of the transformer with a non self resetting thermal cut out is short circuited at a supply voltage 1, 1 of rated supply voltage. After opening of the cut off, the supply voltage is switched of, until the transformer is cooling down.		N/A
	– 3 cycles at 25° C for transformers without t_a min		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– 3 cycles at ta min for transformers with ta min		N/A
	– after the 3 cycles short circuit of the output at 1,1 of rated supply voltage for 48 h.		N/A
	During the tests no sustaining arcing shall occur After the test: withstand the test of clause 18, show no damage in sense of this standard, and be operational.		N/A
20.7.2.2	The output of the transformer with a self resetting thermal cut out is short circuited at a supply voltage 1, 1 of rated supply voltage.		N/A
	– 48 h at 25° C for transformers without ta min		N/A
	– 24 h at ta and 24 h at ta min for transformers with ta min		N/A
	During the tests no sustaining arcing shall occur After the test: withstand the test of clause 18, show no damage in sense of this standard, and be operational.		N/A
20.7.3	Test of a PTC resistor:		N/A
	5 cycles: transformer short-circuited for 48 h by 1,1 times of the input voltage and max. ta		N/A
	5 cycles: transformer short-circuited for 48 h by 0,9 times of the input voltage and min. ta (if declared)		N/A
	After the test: withstand the test of clause 18, show no damage in sense of this standard, and be operational.		N/A
20.8	Thermal links shall be tested in one of the following two ways.		N/A
20.8.1	Thermal-links shall comply with IEC 60 691 as a separate component.		N/A
	– electrical conditions to IEC 60691, cl. 6.1		N/A
	– thermal conditions to IEC 60691, cl. 6.2		N/A
	– ratings to IEC 60691, cl. 8 b		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– suitability of sealing components, impregnating fluids or cleaning solvents IEC 60691, cl. 8 c		N/A
20.8.2	Thermal-links tested as a part of the transformer:		N/A
	– ageing test 300 h by 35 °C or ta + 10 °C		N/A
	– After transformer fault condition the thermal link operate without sustaining arcing		N/A
	– after opening the thermal-link shall have an insulation resistance of at least 0,2 MΩ		N/A
	– 3 cycles for replaceable thermal-links		N/A
	– 3 new specimens for not replaceable thermal-links		N/A
20.9	Self-resetting devices not used if mechanical, electrical, etc. hazards		N/A
20.10	Thermal cut-outs which can be reset by soldering operation are not allowed		N/A
20.11	Overload protection devices do not operate during test (20 times switched on and off, at no load); Upri (V): 1,1 times rated supply voltage.	1.1X240V=264V	P

21	INTERNAL WIRING		P
21.1	Internal wiring and electrical connections protected or enclosed		P
	Wire-ways smooth and free from sharp edges		P
21.2	Openings in sheet metal: edges rounded (radius ≥ 1,5 mm) or bushings of insulating material		P
21.3	Bare conductors: distances adequately maintained		P
21.4	When external wires are connected to terminal, internal wiring shall not work loose		P
21.5	Insulation of heat-resistant and non-hygroscopic material for insulated conductors subject to temperature rise > limiting values given in 14.1		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
22	SUPPLY CONNECTION AND EXTERNAL FLEXIBLE CABLES AND CORDS		P
22.1	All cables, flexible cords etc. shall have appropriate current and voltage ratings	Inlet provided	P
22.2	Input and output wiring inlet and outlet openings for external wiring: separate entries without damage to protective covering of cable or cord	For output cord with integral bushing	P
	Input and output wiring inlet and outlet openings for flexible cables or cords: insulating material or bushing of insulating material		P
	Bushings for external wiring: reliably fixed, not of rubber unless part of cord guard		P
22.3	Fixed transformer:		N/A
	– possible to connect after fixing		N/A
	– inside space for wires allow easy introduction and connection of conductors		N/A
	– fitting of cover without damage to conductors		N/A
	– contact between insulation of external supply wires and live parts of different polarity not allowed		N/A
22.4	Length of power supply cord for portable transformers between 2 m and 4 m; without 0,5 mm ²		N/A
22.5	Power supply cords for transformers IPX0 and transformers "for indoor use only" ≥ IPX0:		N/A
	– for transformers with a mass ≤ 3 kg: 60227 IEC52 (H03VV-..) (60245 IEC 53)		N/A
	– for transformers with a mass > 3 kg: 60227 IEC53 (H05VV-..) or 60245 IEC 53		N/A
	Power supply cords for transformers for outdoor use: ≥ IPX0: 60245 IEC57 (H05RN-..)		N/A
22.6	Power supply cords for single-phase portable transformers with input current ≤ 16A:		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– cord set fitted with an appliance coupler in accordance with IEC 60320		N/A
22.7	Nominal cross-sectional area (mm ²); input current (A) at rated output not less than shown in table 9		N/A
22.8	Class I transformer with power supply flexible cable: green/yellow core connected to earth terminal		N/A
	Plug for single-phase transformer with input current at rated output ≤ 16 A according to IEC 60 083, IEC 60 906-1 or IEC 60 309		N/A
22.9	Type X, Y or Z attachments: see relevant part 2		P
22.9.1	For type Z attachment: moulding enclosure and power supply cable do not affect insulation of cable		N/A
22.9.2	Inlet openings or inlet bushing: without risk of damage to protective covering of power supply cord		P
	Insulation between conductor and enclosure:		P
	– for Class I transformer: insulation of conductor plus separate basic insulation		N/A
	– for Class II transformer: insulation of conductor plus double or reinforced insulation		P
22.9.3	Inlet bushings:		P
	– no damage to power supply cord		P
	– reliably fixed		P
	– not removable without tool		P
	– not integral with power supply cord (for type X attachment)		N/A
	– not of natural rubber except for Class I transformer with type X, Y and Z attachments		N/A
22.9.4	For portable transformers which are moved while operating:		N/A
	– cord guards, if any, of insulating material and fixed		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Compliance is tested by the oscillating test according to fig. 7:		P
	– loaded force during the test according to fig. 7		P
	– 10 N for a cross-sectional area > 0,75		N/A
	– 5 N for a cross-sectional area ≤ 0,75		P
	After the test according to fig. 7:		P
	– no short-circuit between the conductors		P
	– no breakage of more than 10% of strands of any conductor		P
	– no separation of the conductor from the terminal		P
	– no loosening of any cord guards		P
	– no damage of the cord or cord guard		P
	– no broken strands piercing the insulation and not becoming accessible		P
22.9.5	Cord anchorages for type X attachment:		N/A
	– glands in portable transformers not used unless possibility for clamping all types and sizes of cable		N/A
	– moulded-on designs, tying the cable into a knot and tying the end with string not allowed		N/A
	– labyrinths, if clearly how, permitted		N/A
	– replacement of cable easily possible		N/A
	– protection against strain and twisting clearly how		N/A
	– suitable for different types of cable unless only one type of cable for transformer		N/A
	– the entire flexible cable or cord with covering can be mounted into the cord anchorage		N/A
	– if tightened or loosened no damage		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– no contact between cable or cord and accessible or electrically connected clamping screws		N/A
	– cord clamped by metal screw not allowed		N/A
	– one part securely fixed to transformer		N/A
	– for Class I transformer: insulating material or insulated from metal parts		N/A
	– for Class II transformers: insulating material or supplementary insulation from metal parts		N/A
	Cord anchorages for type X, Y, Z attachments: cores of power external flexible cable or cord insulated from accessible metal parts by:		N/A
	– basic insulation (Class I transformers), separate insulating barrier/cord anchorage		N/A
	– supplementary insulation (Class II transformers), special lining/cable or cord sheath of cable sheath of cable		N/A
	Cord anchorages for type X and Y attachments:		N/A
	– replacement of external flexible cable or cord does not impair compliance with standard		N/A
	– the entire flexible cable or cord with covering can be mounted into the cord anchorage		N/A
	– if tightened or loosened no damage		N/A
	– no contact between cable or cord and accessible or electrically connected clamping screws		N/A
	– cord clamped by metal screws not allowed		N/A
	– knots in cord not used		N/A
	– labyrinths, if clearly how, permitted		N/A
	Tests for type X with special cords, type Y, type Z	Tested for output cord	P
	Test for type X attachments one test with a cord with smallest and one test with a cord with the largest cross-sectional area:		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– for the test with clamping screws or tightened with torque 2/3 of that specified in table 11		N/A
	– not possible to push cable into transformer		P
	– 25 pulls of 1 s		P
	– 1 min torque according to table 10		P
	– mass (kg); pull (N); torque (Nm)		N/A
	– during test: cable not damaged		N/A
	– after test: longitudinal displacement ≤ 2 mm for cable or cord and ≤ 1 mm for conductors in terminals		N/A
	– creepage distances and clearances \geq values specified in Cl. 26		P
22.9.6	Space for external cords or cable for fixed wiring and for type X and Y attachments:		P
	– before fitting cover, possibility to check correct connection and position of conductors		P
	– cover fitted without damage to supply cords		P
	– for portable transformers: contact with accessible metal parts if conductor becomes loose not allowed unless for type X and Y attachments terminations of cords do not slip free of conductor		P
	Space for external cords or cable for type X attachment and for connection to fixed wiring, in addition:		N/A
	– conductor easily introduced and connected		P
	– possibility of access to terminal for external conductor after removal of covers without special purpose tool		P
23	TERMINALS FOR EXTERNAL CONDUCTORS		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
23.1	Transformer for connection to fixed wiring and transformer without power supply cords with type Y and Z attachments: only connections by screws, nuts, terminals	For output cord	P
	Terminals are integral part of the transformer:		N/A
	– comply with IEC 60 999-1 under transformer conditions		N/A
	Other terminals:		N/A
	– separately checked according to IEC 60 998-2-1, IEC 60 998-2-2 or IEC 60 947-7-1		N/A
	– used in accordance with their marking		N/A
	– checked according to IEC 60 999-1 under transformer conditions		N/A
	Transformer with type X attachments: soldered connection permitted if reliance not placed upon soldering, crimping or welding alone unless by barriers, creepage distances and clearances between hazardous live parts and metal parts should conductor break away $\geq 50\%$ of specified value (Cl. 26)		N/A
	Transformer with type Y and Z attachments for external conductors: soldered, welded, crimped, etc. connections allowed		N/A
	For Class II transformer: reliance not placed upon soldering, crimping or welding alone unless by barriers, creepage distances and clearances between hazardous live parts and metal parts should conductor break away $\geq 50\%$ of specified value (Cl. 26)		N/A
23.2	Terminals for type X with special cords Y and Z attachments shall be suitable for their purpose:	For Output cord	P
	– test by inspection according to 23.1 and 23.2		P
	– pull of 5 N to the connection before test according to 14.1		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
23.3	Other terminals than Y and Z attachments shall be so fixed that when the clamping means is tightened or loosened:		N/A
	– terminal does not work loose		N/A
	– internal wiring is not subjected to stress		N/A
	– creepage distances and clearance are not reduced below the values specified in Cl. 26		N/A
23.4	Other terminals than Y and Z attachments shall be so designed that:		N/A
	– they clamp the conductor between metallic surfaces with sufficient contact pressure		N/A
	– without damage to the conductor		N/A
	– test by inspection according to 23.3 and 23.4		N/A
	– 10 times fastening and loosening a conductor with the largest cross-sectional area with 2/3 of the torque specified in Cl. 25		N/A
23.5	Terminals for fixed wiring and for type X: located near their associated terminals of different polarities and the earth terminal if any		N/A
23.6	Terminal blocks not accessible without the aid of a tool		N/A
23.7	Transformer with type X attachments: stranded conductor test (8 mm removed):		N/A
	– Class I transformers: no connection between live parts and accessible metal parts		N/A
	– free wire of earth terminal: no touching of live parts		N/A
	– Class II transformers: no connection between live parts and accessible metal parts, no connection between live parts and metal parts separated from accessible metal parts by supplementary insulation		N/A
23.8	Terminals for a current > 25 A:		N/A
	– pressure plate, or		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– two clamping screws		N/A
23.9	When terminal, other than protective earth conductor, screws loosened as far as possible, no contact:		N/A
	– between terminal screws and accessible metal parts		N/A
	– between terminal screws and inaccessible metal parts for Class II transformers		N/A

24	PROVISION FOR PROTECTIVE EARTHING		P
24.1	Class I transformers: accessible conductive parts connected to earth terminal		N/A
	Class II transformers: no provision for earth		P
24.2	Protective earth terminal for connection to fixed wiring and for type X attachment transformers: comply with Cl. 23, adequately locked, not possible to loosen without a tool		N/A
24.3	No risk of corrosion from contact between metal of earth terminal and other terminal		N/A
	In case of earth terminal body of Al, no risk of corrosion from contact between Cu and Al		N/A
	Body of earth terminal or screws/nuts of brass or other metal resistant to corrosion		N/A
24.4	Resistance of connection between earth terminal and metal parts $\leq 0,1 \Omega$ with a min. 25 A or 1,5 rated input current at 1 min		N/A
24.5	Class I transformers with external flexible cables or cords:		N/A
	– current-carrying conductors becoming touch before the earth conductor		N/A

25	SCREWS AND CONNECTIONS		P
25.1	Screwed connections withstand mechanical stresses	Screw used for fixing top and bottom enclosure	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Screws transmitting contact pressure or likely to be tightened by the user or having a diameter < 2,8 mm, shall screw into metal		N/A
	Screws not of metal which is soft or liable to creep (Zn, Al)		P
	Screws of insulating material: not used for electrical connection		N/A
	Screws not of insulating material if their replacement by metal screws can impair supplementary or reinforced insulation		N/A
	Screws to be removed (replacement etc. of power supply cord) not of insulating material if their replacement by metal screws can impair basic insulation		N/A
	No damage after torque test: diameter (mm); torque (Nm); ten times		N/A
	No damage after torque test: diameter (mm); torque (Nm); five times	0.4Nm	P
25.2	Screws in engagement with thread of insulating material:		P
	– length of engagement $\geq 3 \text{ mm} + 1/2$ screw diameter or 8 mm		P
	– correct introduction into screw hole		P
25.3	Electrical connections: contact pressure not transmitted through insulating material		P
25.4	In case of use of thread-forming (sheet metal) screws for connection of current-carrying parts: clamping and locking means provided		N/A
	Thread-cutting (self-tapping) screws used for the connection of current-carrying parts allowed if they generate a full form machine screw thread and if not operated by the user		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Thread-cutting screws and thread-forming screws used for earth continuity allowed if at least 2 screws for each connection are used and it is not necessary to disturb the connection in normal use		N/A
25.5	Screws for current-carrying mechanical connections locked against loosening		N/A
	Rivets for current-carrying connections subject to torsion locked against loosening		N/A
25.6	Test of screwed glands with a torque according table 12. After the test no damage at the transformer and the gland.		N/A

26	CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES		P
26.1	See 26.101		P
26.2	Creepage distances (cr) and clearances (cr)		P
26.2.1	Windings covered with adhesive tape		N/A
	– the values of pollution degree 1 are fulfilled		N/A
	– all isolating material are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	– test A of 26.2.3 is fulfilled		N/A
26.2.2	Uncemented insulating parts pollution degree P2 or P3		P
	– all isolating material are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		P
	– values of pollution degree 1 are not applicable		P
26.2.3	Cemented insulating parts		N/A
	– all isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	– values of distance through insulation (dti) are fulfilled		N/A
	– creepage distances and clearances are not required		N/A
	– test A of this sub clause is fulfilled		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Test A		N/A
	– thermal class		N/A
	– working voltage		N/A
	– Test with three specially specimens, with uninsulated wires, without impregnation or potting		N/A
	Two of the three specimens are subjected to:		N/A
	– the relevant humidity treatment according to 17.2 (48 h)		N/A
	– the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied with factor 1,35		N/A
	– One of the three specimens is subjected to the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied by the factor 1,35 immediately at the end of the last cycle with high temperature		N/A
	Impulse dielectric test according to 4.1.1.2.1 of IEC 60 664-1 (1,2 / 50 μ s waveform) – see Annex R of IEC 61558-1		N/A
26.2.4	Enclosed parts, by impregnation or potting		N/A
26.2.4.1	– The requirements of reduced values as stated for pollution degree 1 (P1) are fulfilled		N/A
	– all isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	Test B		N/A
	– thermal class		N/A
	– working voltage		N/A
	– Test with three specially specimens, potted or impregnated. The dielectric strength test is applied directly to the joint.		N/A
	Two of the three specimens are subjected to:		N/A
	– the relevant humidity treatment according to 17.2 (48 h)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied with factor 1,25		N/A
	– One of the three specimens is subjected to the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied by the factor 1,25 immediately at the end of the last cycle with high temperature		N/A
	The three spacemen pass the Impulse dielectric test according to 4.1.1.2.1 of IEC 60 664-1 (1,2 / 50 μ s waveform) – see Annex R of IEC 61558-1		N/A
26.2.4.2	– The requirements of distance through insulation (dti) are fulfilled. (P1 values are not required)		N/A
	– all isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	Test C		N/A
	– thermal class		N/A
	– working voltage		N/A
	– Test with three specimens, potted or impregnated. (finished components)		N/A
	– Neither cracks, nor voids in the insulating compounds		N/A
	Two of the three specimens are subjected to:		N/A
	– the relevant humidity treatment according to 17.2 (48 h)		N/A
	– the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied with factor 1,35		N/A
	– One of the three specimens is subjected to the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied by the factor 1,35 immediately at the end of the last cycle with high temperature		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The three spacemen pass the Impulse dielectric test according to 4.1.1.2.1 of IEC 60 664-1 (1,2 / 50 μ s waveform) – see Annex R of IEC 61558-1		N/A
26.3	Distance through insulation		P
	For double or reinforced insulation, the required values of Tables 13, C1, and D1 – boxes 2b, 2c and 7 are fulfilled	Dti of enclosure is min. 2.2mm (required: ≥ 1.0 mm)	P
	The insulation fulfil the material classification according IEC 60085 or 60216 or the test of 14.3		P
26.3.1	Reduced values of the thickness of insulation for supplementary or reinforced insulation are allowed if the following conditions are fulfilled:		P
	– the isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	– the test of 14.3 is fulfilled	Considered in approved optocoupler	P
	– If both requirements are fulfilled, the required values for solid insulation can be multiplied by 0,4	d _{ti} ≥ 0.4 mm (See table 20 for details)	P
	– Minimum thickness of reinforced insulation $\geq 0,2$ mm		P
	– Minimum thickness of supplementary insulation $\geq 0,1$ mm		N/A
26.3.2	Insulation in thin sheet form	Insulation tape around component transformer T1.	P
	– If the layers are non separable (glued together):		N/A
	– The requirement of 3 layers is fulfilled		N/A
	– The mandrel test according 26.3.3 is fulfilled with 150 N		N/A
	– The required values for d.t.i. of Tables 13, C.1 and D.1 – marked by index "e" are fulfilled.		N/A
	– If the layers are separated:		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– The requirement of 2 layers is fulfilled		P
	– If serrated tape is used, 1 additional layer (serrated) and one additional layer without serration is required		N/A
	– The mandrel test according 26.3.3 is fulfilled on each layer with 50 N		P
	– The required values for d.t.i. of Tables 13, C.1 and D.1 – marked by index "e" are fulfilled.		N/A
	– If the layers are separated (alternative:		P
	– The requirement of 3 layers is fulfilled	3 layers insulation tape around transformer body	P
	– If serrated tape is used, 1 additional layer (serrated) and one additional layer without serration is required		N/A
	– The mandrel test according 26.3.3 is fulfilled on 2/3 of the layers with 100 N		P
	– The required values for d.t.i. of Tables 13, C.1 and D.1 – marked by index "e" are fulfilled.		P
	Test according to 14.3 and if the isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216 no distances through insulation are required for insulation in thin sheet form		N/A
	The figures within square brackets in box 2 and 7 of table 13 (C.1/D.1) are used for insulation in thin sheet form as follows:		N/A
	– rated output > 100 VA values in square brackets apply		N/A
	– rated output $\geq 25 \text{ VA} \leq 100 \text{ VA}$ 2/3 of the value in square brackets apply		P
	– rated output $\leq 25 \text{ VA}$ 1/3 of the value in square brackets apply		N/A
26.3.3	Mandrel test of insulation in thin sheet form (specimen 0f 70 mm width are necessary):		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– If the layers are non separable – at least 3 layers glued together fulfil the test:		N/A
	– pull force of 150 N		N/A
	– high voltage test of 5,0 kV or the test voltage of 18.3 multiplied by 1,25 whatever is the greater. No flashover, no breakdown.		N/A
	– If the layers are separable and 2/3 of at least 3 layers fulfil the test.	2 layers least	P
	– pull force of 100 N		P
	– high voltage test of 5,0 kV or the test voltage of 18.3 multiplied by 1,25 whatever is the greater. No flashover, no breakdowns.		P
	– If the layers are separable 1 of at least 2 layers fulfil the test:		N/A
	– pull force of 50 N		N/A
	– high voltage test of 5,0 kV or the test voltage of 18.3 multiplied by 1,25 whatever is the greater. No flashover, no breakdown.		N/A
26.101	Creepage distances, clearances and distances through insulation, specified values according to (EN 61558-2-16:09):		P
	– table 13, material group IIIa (part 1)		P
	– table C, material group II (part 1)		N/A
	– table D, material group I (part 1)		N/A
	– working voltage	Nominal max. 240Vrms at input; max. 219Vrms and 408Vpeak across primary and secondary terminal on transformer.	N/A
	– rated supply frequency 50/60 Hz		P
	– rated internal frequency		P
	1. Insulation between input and output circuits (basic insulation):		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	2. Insulation between input and output circuits (double or reinforced insulation):		P
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		P
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		P
	3. Insulation between adjacent input circuits: measured values \geq specified values (mm) :		N/A
	Insulation between adjacent output circuits: measured values \geq specified values (mm) ...		N/A
	4. Insulation between terminals for external connection:		N/A
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	1. Basic or supplementary insulation:		P
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		P
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	d) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	e) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	6. Reinforced or double insulation: measured values \geq specified values (mm)		P
	7. Distance through insulation:		P
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)	Enclosure is min. 1.5mm thick (required: ≥ 1.0 mm)	P
26.102	Values of IEC 61558-2-16 applicable for frequency up to 3 MHz (EN 61558-2-16:09)		P
	For frequency above 3 MHz clause 7 of IEC 60664-4 is applicable (high frequency testing)		N/A
26.103	Clearance (EN 61558-2-16:09)		P
	a) Clearance for frequency ≥ 30 kHz according figure 101 two determinations are necessary:		P
	– determination based on peak working voltage according Table 104 :		P
	Peak working voltage		P
	Basic insulation: required / measured		N/A
	Double or reinforced insulation: required / measured value		N/A
	– and alternative if applicable for approximately homogeneous field according to Table 102		N/A
	Peak working voltage		N/A
	Basic insulation: required / measured		N/A
	Double or reinforced insulation: required / measured value		N/A
	– determination based on measured r.m.s. working voltage according Tables 13, C1 and D1 (see clause 26.101)		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The minimum clearance is the greater of the two values.		P
	b) Clearance for frequency ≤ 30 kHz according figure 101 two determinations are necessary:		N/A
	– determination based on peak working voltage with recurring peak voltages according Table 103 :		N/A
	– determination based on measured r.m.s. working voltage according Tables 13, C1 and D1 (see clause 26.101)		N/A
	The minimum clearance is the greater of the two values.		N/A
26.104	The working voltages of Table 102, 103 and 104 are peak voltages including μ sec peaks EN 61558-2-16:09)		P
	The working voltage according to Table 13 of part 1 are r.m.s. voltages		P
26.105	Creepage distances		P
	Two determinations of creepage distances are necessary (see Figure 102)		P
	– determination based on measured peak working voltage according Tables 105 to 110		P
	Peak working voltage		P
	Pollution degree		N/A
	Basic or supplementary insulation: required / measured		N/A
	Double or reinforced insulation: required / measured value		N/A
	– determination based on measured r.m.s. working voltage according Tables 13, C1 and D1 (see clause 26.101)		P
	If the values based on table 105 to 110 are lower than the relevant values in Tables 13, C.1 or D.1, the higher values shall be applicable		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
26.106	Distance through insulation (EN 61558-2-16:09)		P
	Instead of partial discharge with high frequency voltage the test of the distance and the calculation of the electric field is applicable under the following conditions:		P
	– the max. frequency is < 10 MHz		P
	– the field strength approximately comply with Figure 103		P
	– no voids or gaps are present in between the solid insulation		P
	For thick layers $d1 \geq 0,75$ the peak value of the field strength is ≤ 2 kV/mm		N/A
	For thin layers $d2 \leq 30 \mu\text{m}$ the peak value of the field strength is ≤ 10 kV/mm		N/A
	For $d1 > d > d2$ equation (1) is used for calculation the field strength		P
26.107 (A1)	For transformers with FIW wires the following test is required		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10 cycles are required 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 68 h test at max heating temperature + 10°C or test at max. allowed winding temperature based on the insulation class (required in table 1) + 10°C 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 h at 25° C 		N/A
	– 2 h at 0° C		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 h at 25° C – (next cycle start again with 68 h max winding temp + 10) 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> during the 10 cycles test 2 x working voltage is connected between PRI and SEC 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> after 10 cycle test 2 transformers are subjected to the 17.2 test for 48 h and direct after the 48 h the dielectric strength test of 18.3 (100 % test voltage) is done 		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - after the 10 cycle test the third sample is tested at the end of the last cycle in the hot position with the dielectric strength test of 18.3 (100 % test voltage) 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the partial discharge test according to 18.101 is done after the cycling test and after the high voltage test, if the peak working voltage is >750 V 		N/A

27	RESISTANCE TO HEAT, FIRE AND TRACKING		P
27.1	Resistance to heat		P
	All insulating parts are resistant to heat		P
	For parts of rubber, which passed the test of 19.9, no additional test is required.		N/A
	The tests are not required for cables and small connectors with a rated current ≤ 3 A, a rated voltage ≤ 24 V a.c. or 60 V d.c. and a power ≤ 72 W		P
27.1.1	External accessible parts		P
	The Ball-pressure test -: diameter of impression ≤ 2 mm; heating cabinet temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) at 70°C or the temperature T of 14.1 (T + 15) - is fulfilled.		P
27.1.2	Internal parts		P
	For insulating material retaining current carrying parts in position , the ball-pressure test -: diameter of impression ≤ 2 mm; heating cabinet temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) at 125°C or the temperature T of 14.1 (T + 15) - is fulfilled	For PCB: 125°C For Bobbin: 125°C	P
27.2	Resistance to abnormal heat under fault conditions	No source of ignition in case of abnormal heat	N/A
27.3	Resistance to fire		P
	All isolating parts of the transformer shall be resistant to ignition and spread of fire. The test according to IEC 60696-2-10 is required		P
27.3.1	External accessible parts (glow wire tests)		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– 650° C for enclosures	For enclosure	P
	– 650 ° C for parts retaining current carrying parts in position and terminals for external conductors Current $\leq 0,2$ A	For enclosure	P
	– 750° C for parts retaining current carrying parts in position and terminals for external conductors with fixed wiring. Current $> 0,2$ A		N/A
	– 850° C for parts retaining current carrying parts in position and terminals for external conductors with non fixed wiring. Current $> 0,2$ A	Output connector	P
27.3.2	Internal parts		P
	– 550° C for internal insulating material – not retaining current carrying parts in position		N/A
	– 650° C for coil formers (bobbins)		P
	– 650 ° C for parts retaining current carrying parts in position and terminals for external conductors. Current $\leq 0,2$ A		N/A
	– 750° C for parts retaining current carrying parts in position and terminals for external conductors with fixed wiring. Current $> 0,2$ A		N/A
	– 850° C for parts retaining current carrying parts in position and terminals for external conductors with non fixed wiring. Current $> 0,2$ A	PCB	P
27.4	For IP other than IPX0:If insulating parts retaining current carrying parts in position and under P3 conditions, the material resistance to tracking is at least material of group IIIa	IP20	N/A
	Test (175 V): no flashover or breakdown before 50 drops		N/A
28	RESISTANCE TO RUSTING		P
	Ferrous parts protected against rusting	Varnished transformer	P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
E	ANNEX E , GLOW WIRE TEST		P
	The test is required according to IEC 60695-2-10 and IEC 60695-2-11 with the following additions:		P
E.1	Clause 6, "Severities" of IEC 6095-2-11, apply with the temperature stated in 27.3 of IEC 61558-1		P
E2	Clause 8, "Conditioning", of IEC 60695-2-11 apply, preconditioning is required		P
E3	Clause 10, "Test Procedure", of IEC 60695-2-11 apply, The tip of the glow wire is applied to the flat side of the surface.		P

F	ANNEX F, REQUIREMENTS FOR MANUALLY OPERATED SWITCHES WHICH ARE PARTS OF THE TRANSFORMER		N/A
F.2	Manually operated mechanical switches, tested as separate component, shall comply with IEC 61058 under the conditions of F.2.		N/A
F.§	Manually operated mechanical switches tested as part of the transformer shall comply with the conditions specified under F.3		N/A

H	ANNEX H, ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS (IEC 61558-1)		P
H1	General notes on tests (addition to clause 5)		P
			P
H.2	SHORT-CIRCUIT AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION (ADDITION TO CLAUSE 15)		P
H.2.1	Circuits designed and applied so that fault conditions do not render the appliance unsafe		P
	During and after each test:		P
	– temperatures do not exceed values specified in table 3 of Cl. 15.1		P
	– transformer complies with conditions specified in sub-clause 15.1		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	If a conductor of a pcb becomes open circuited, the transformer is considered to have withstood the particular test, provided that all six conditions as specified are met		N/A
H.2.2	Fault conditions a) to f) of sub-clause H.2.3 are not tested if the following conditions are met:		N/A
	– electronic circuit is a low-power circuit as specified		N/A
	– safety of the appliance as specified does not rely on correct functioning of the electronic circuit		N/A
H.2.3	Fault conditions tested as specified when relevant:		P
	a) short-circuit of creepage distances and clearances, if less than specified in Cl. 26		N/A
	b) open circuit at the terminals of any component		P
	c) short-circuit of capacitors, unless they comply with IEC 60 384-14		P
	d) short-circuit of any two terminals of an electronic component as specified		P
	e) any failure of an integrated circuit as specified		P
	f) low-power circuit: low-power points are connected to the supply source		P
	Cl. 15 is repeated with a simulated fault as indicated in a) to e), if the transformer incorporates an electronic circuit to ensure compliance with Cl. 15		N/A
	Fault condition e) is applied for encapsulated and similar components		P
	PTC's and NTC's are not short-circuited if they are used as specified		N/A
H.2.4	If for a fuse-link complying with IEC 60 127-3 rated fuse current I1 is used, current I2 is measured as specified:		P
	– if $I_2 < 2,1 \times I_1$ test of 15.8 is repeated with fuse-link short-circuited		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– if $I_2 > 2,75 \times I_1$, no other tests are necessary		P
	If $I_2 > 2,1 \times I_1$ and $I_2 < 2,75 \times I_1$ test of 15.8 is repeated as specified		N/A
	For fuses other than those complying with IEC 60 127-3, the test is carried out as specified 15.3.2 to 15.3.5		N/A
H.3	CREEPAGE DISTANCES, CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION		P
H.3.1	For live parts separated by basic insulation smaller cr and cl as in 26 are allowed, if H2 is fulfilled.		P
	In optocouplers no requirements of cr and cl	Approved opto-coupler used	P
	For coatings annex W applies. Smaller distances as required in IEC 60664-3, clause 4 are applicable,		N/A
	For potted transformers cycling tests acc, 26.2. are applicable		N/A
H.3.2	The ma. surface temperature of optocouplers is 50 K		P

K (A1)	ANNEX K, INSULATED WINDING WIRES FOR USE AS MULTIPLE LAYER INSULATION		P
K.1	Wire construction:		P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> insulated winding wire for basic or supplementary insulation (see 19.12.3) 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> insulated winding wire for reinforced insulation (see 19.12.3) 	VDE approved triple insulated wire	P
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> splid circular winding wires and stranded winding wires with 0,05 to 5 mm diameter 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> spirally wrapped insulation - overlapping 		N/A
K.2	Type tests		N/A
K.2.1	General Tests between ambient temperature between 15° C and 35° C and at an humidity between 45% and 75 %		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
K.2.2	Electric strength test		N/A
K.2.2.1	Solid circular winding wires and stranded winding wires		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to clause 4.4.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008 (twisted pair)		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 6 kV for reinforced insulation		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 3 kV for basic or supplementary insulation		N/A
K.2.2.2	Square or rectangular wires .		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to clause 4.7.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation		N/A
K.2.3	Flexibility and adherence		N/A
	Claus 5.1 in Test 8 of IEC 60851-3:2009 shall be used		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to clause 5.1.1.4 of IEC 60851-3:2009		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation		N/A
	Mandrel diameter according table K.1		N/A
	The tension to the wire during winding on mandrel is 118 N/mm ² (118 MPa)		N/A
K.2.4	Heat shock		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to 3.1.1 (in Test 9) of IEC 60851-6:1996		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> high voltage test immediately after this test 		N/A


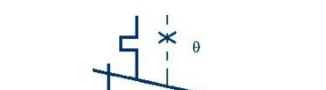

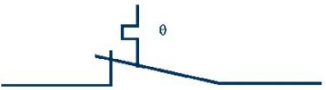
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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A
K.2.5	Retention of dielectric strength after bending (test as specified under test 13 of 4.6.1 c) of IEC 60 851-5)		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> high voltage test immediately after this test 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		
K.3.1	General Tests as subjected in K.3.2 and K.3.3		N/A
K.3.2	Routine test		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 4,2 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 2,1 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A
K.3.3	Sampling test		N/A
K.3.3.1	Solid circular winding wires and stranded winding wires		N/A
	Test with a twisted pair, prepared according clause 4.4.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 6 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 3 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A
K.3.3.2	Square rectangular wire		N/A
	Samples prepared according to clause 4.7.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 3 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A

U	ANNEX U – INFORMATIVE – OPTIONAL TW – MARKING FOR TRANSFORMERS	Not applied	N/A
	The tests of Annex U are based on constant S = 4500. Other constants are possible, if the test of U.5.2 is done with positive result.		N/A
U1	General notes and tests		N/A
	8 transformers of one type are necessary for the test. Tests according U5.		N/A
U.2	Heating (addition to clause 14)		N/A
14.4	Thermal endurance test		N/A
	Test according U5 and measurements according 11.1		N/A
	Transformers tested as a integral part of the equipment (option), assigned with tw		N/A
	The thermal conditions are so adjusted, that the duration of test is as indicated by the manufacturer.		N/A
	If no indications are given, the test period is 30 days		N/A
	After the test, when the transformers have returned to room temperature, they fulfil the following requirements:		N/A
	a) The output voltage has not changed from the measured value at the beginning by more than allowed value of clause 11.1		N/A
	b) The insulation resistance between input and output winding and between windings and body is, measured with 500 V d.c. , not less than 1 MOhm		N/A
	c) The transformer fulfil the dielectric strength test with 35% of the values in Clause 18, Table 8.a.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The test result is positive, is min. 6 of the 7 samples have passed the test.		N/A
	The test result is negative, if 2 or more samples fail the test		N/A
	If the result is negative, the test can be repeated with 7 new samples		N/A
U.3	Short circuit and overload protection (addition to clause 15)		N/A
	At short circuit and overload tests the winding temperature if less than the required value of table U.1		N/A
U.5	General requirements and information about thermal endurance test on windings		N/A
U.5.1	Thermal endurance test		N/A
	Transformers tested at rated output		N/A
	Loads outside of the oven		N/A
	7 transformers are placed in the oven		N/A
	The temperature of the hottest winding of each of the 7 transformers is-together with the oven temperature, at the applicable temperature of table U.2		N/A
	After 4 hours measuring of the actual winding temperatures. Regulation of the oven temperature if necessary		N/A
	After 24 hours again measuring of the winding temperature. The temperatures of the 7 samples are very near to the required temperature of the values of table U.2. The test time of the coldest winding is not longer than twice the theoretical test time based on table U.2		N/A
U.5.2	The use of constant S other than 4500 in tw tests		N/A
U.5.2.1	Procedure a)		N/A
	The manufacturer prepares test results with a minimum of samples of 30.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	T and log L are calculated from the dates		N/A
	The diagram according to Figure U.2 will be founded.		N/A
U.5.2.3	Procedure b)		N/A
	The testing authority shall test 14 new transformers		N/A
	Test 1, based on clause U.5.1 but at the calculated test room temperature for 10 days. The test is continued until all transformer fail.		N/A
	Calculation of the mean life L_{2at} temperature T_2 according to U4		N/A
	Test 2, based on clause U.5.1 but at a calculated room temperature T_2 (for 120 days).The test time with T_2 exceeds L_2 .		N/A
	If all transformers fail before L_2 , the result is negative.		N/A

V	ANNEX V, SYMBOLS TO BE USED FOR THERMAL CUT-OUTS		N/A
V.2.1.1	Restored by manual operation  IEC 489/98		N/A
V.2.1.2	Restored by disconnection of the supply  IEC 490/98		N/A
V.2.1.3	Thermal link  IEC 491/98		N/A
V.2.2	Self-resetting thermal cut-out  IEC 492/98		N/A

11 and 12		TABLE: OUTPUT VOLTAGE AND OUTPUT CURRENT UNDER LOAD; NO-LOAD OUTPUT VOLTAGE					P
Clause		11		12		further information	
type/rated output/	rated voltage (V)	sec. voltage (V)	delta Usec (%)	Usec V no-load output	delta Usec no-load output %		
54.6V, 3A	100-240V	54.3	0.6%	54.8	0.4%	100VAC, 50Hz	
54.6V, 3A		54.3	0.6%	54.8	0.4%	100VAC, 60Hz	
54.6V, 3A		54.3	0.6%	54.8	0.4%	240VAC, 50Hz	
54.6V, 3A		54.3	0.6%	54.8	0.4%	240VAC, 60Hz	
Limits	--	--	10%	--	20%	--	
Note:							

14 TABLE: HEATING							P
Supply Voltage(V)			90V,60Hz	90V,60Hz	264V,50Hz	264V,50Hz	--
Maximum measured temperature T of part/at:			T (°C)				Required T(°C)
Location			Label up	Label down	Label up	Label down	--
Input wire			58.8	58.4	57.7	57.8	105
PCB near D2			65.9	65.4	61.0	61.3	130
E-cap. C1			70.2	69.8	68.5	68.8	105
PCB near D1			66.8	67.1	65.4	65.4	130
Opto coupler			61.5	60.9	60.1	60.8	100
T1 primary winding			93.6	93.2	87.2	86.5	110
T1 core			90.3	88.7	85.6	85.2	110
Enclosure inside above T1			57.9	56.5	55.4	53.6	Ref.
Enclosure outside above T1			53.2	52.4	52.8	51.0	90
Output wire			54.1	54.3	53.2	51.2	85
Ambient			25.1	25.5	24.8	25.4	--
type/rated output	r-cold Ω	r-warm Ω	temp. °C	ext. encl. °C	support °C	int. + ext. wire	further information
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Remark No emit flames, molten metal, poisonous or ignitable gas. Temperature do not exceed limits For the temperature rise, see appended table 14.2.							

15 TABLE: SHORT-CIRCUIT AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION							P
ambient temperature (°C)				:	25.6		--
type/rated output	r-cold Ω	r-warm Ω	T1 Winding temp. °C	ext. encl. °C	support °C	int. / ext. wire	further information
54.6VDC3A	--	--	--	--	--	--	Supplied with 90V 1)
	--	--	--	--	--	--	Supplied with 264V 1)

15		TABLE: SHORT-CIRCUIT AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION						P
		ambient temperature (°C) : 25.6						--
type/rated output	r-cold Ω	r-warm Ω	T1 Winding temp. °C	ext. encl. °C	support °C	int. / ext. wire	further information	
	--	--	118.0	78.2	69.2	67.5	Supplied with 90V Overload to 3.3A	
	--	--	115.8	76.2	67.6	66.7	Supplied with 264V Overload to 3.4A	
Limits	--	--	190	105	105	85	—	
Note: 1) Shorted output (+) – (-), the equipment shutdown immediately. 2) No emitted flames, molten metal, poisonous or ignitable gas.								

26.2 TEST A		TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION					N/A
		Test with three special prepared specimens with uninsulated wires, without potting or impregnation					
cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C			
1.							
2.							
3.							
4.							
5.							
6.							
7.							
8.							
9.							
10.							













26.2 TEST A	TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION					N/A
	Test with three special prepared specimens with uninsulated wires, without potting or impregnation					
cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C		















26.2 TEST B	TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION					N/A
	Test with three specially prepared specimens with potting or impregnation (P1)					
cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C		
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						

26.2 TEST C	TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION					N/A
	Test with three specially prepared specimens with potting (only dti is required)					

cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C	
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
AA	Annex AA		N/A
	Partial discharge (PD) test		N/A
BB	Annex BB		N/A
	Particular requirements for associated transformers for switch mode power supplies with internal frequencies > 500 Hz		--
	See separate test report-form for these Annex.		N/A
BB.8	MARKING AND OTHER INFORMATION		N/A
BB.8.2	Marking for transformers IP00 or for associated transformers: type and trademark, instruction sheets		--
BB.8.11	Correct symbols:		--
	Volts	V	N/A
	Amperes	A (mA)	N/A
	Volt amperes (or volt-amperes reactive for reactors)	VA or (VAR)	N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Watts	W	N/A
	Hertz	Hz	N/A
	Input	PRI	N/A
	Output	SEC	N/A
	Direct current	d.c. (DC) or 	N/A
	Neutral	N	N/A
	Single-phase a.c.		N/A
	Three-phase a.c.	3 	N/A
	Three-phase and neutral a.c.	3N 	N/A
	Power factor	cosφ	N/A
	Class II construction		N/A
	Class III construction		N/A
	Fuse-link	F	N/A
	Rated max. ambient temperature	t_a	N/A
	Frame or core terminal		N/A
	Protective earth		N/A
	IP number	IPXX	N/A
	Earth (ground for functional earth)		N/A
	For indoor use only		N/A
	tw5 YYY		N/A
	tw10 YYY		N/A
	twx YYY		N/A
	Additional Symbols (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Fail-safe separating transformer	 _F or  _F	N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	SMPS incorporating a Non-short-circuit-proofseparating transformer	 or 	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Short-circuit-proofseparating transformer (inherently or non-inherently)	 or 	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Fail-safeisolating transformer	 F or  F	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Non-short-circuit-proofisolating transformer	 or 	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Short-circuit-proof isolating transformer (inherently or non-inherently)	 or 	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Fail-safe safety isolating transformer	 F	N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Non-short-circuit-proof safety isolating transformer		N/A
	SMPS incorporating a Short-circuit-proof safety isolating transformer (inherently or non-inherently)		N/A
	SMPS (Switch mode power supply unit)		N/A

BB.9	PROTECTION AGAINST ELECTRIC SHOCK	N/A
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BB.10	CHANGE OF INPUT VOLTAGE SETTING	N/A
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BB.11	OUTPUT VOLTAGE AND OUTPUT CURRENT UNDER LOAD	N/A
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BB.12	NO-LOAD OUTPUT VOLTAGE (see supplementaryrequirements in Part 2)	N/A
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EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
BB.13	SHORT-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE		N/A

BB.14	HEATING		N/A
BB.14.2	Application of 14.1 or 14.3 according to the insulation system		N/A
BB.14.2.1	Class of isolating system (classified materials according to IEC 60 085 and IEC 60 216)		N/A
BB.14.2.2	No classified material, or system but the measured temperature does not exceed the value of Class A		N/A
BB.14.2.3	No classified material or system but the measured temperature exceeds the value for Class A, the live parts of the transformers are submitted to the test of 14.3		N/A
BB.14.3	Accelerated ageing test for undeclared class of isolating system		N/A
	Cycling test (10 cycles):		N/A
	– measuring of the no-load input current (mA)		N/A
BB.14.3.1	– heat run (temperature in table 2)		N/A
BB.14.3.2	– vibration test: 30 min; amplitude 0,35 mm; frequency range: 10 Hz, 55 Hz, 10 Hz		N/A
BB.14.3.3	– moisture treatment (48 h, 17.2)		N/A
BB.14.3.4	Measurements and tests at the beginning and after each test:		N/A
	– deviation of the no-load input current, measured at the beginning of the test is $\leq 30\%$		N/A
	– insulation resistance acc. cl.18.1 and 18.2		N/A
	– electric strength, no breakdown (18.3); 2 min; test voltage 35% of specified value (table VI)		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– Transformers (50 or 60 Hz version) are tested after the dielectric strength test as follows: under no load; duration: 5 min; Upri(V):1,2 times rated supply voltage; frequency (Hz): 2 times rated frequency		N/A

BB.15	SHORT-CIRCUIT AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION	N/A
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BB.16	MECHANICAL STRENGTH	N/A
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BB.17	PROTECTION AGAINST HARMFUL INGRESS OF WATER AND MOISTURE	N/A
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BB.18	INSULATION RESISTANCE AND ELECTRIC STRENGTH	N/A
BB.18.2	Insulation resistance between:	N/A
	– live parts and body for basic insulation $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A
	– live parts and body for reinforced insulation $\geq 7 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A
	– input circuits and output circuits for basic insulation $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A
	– input circuits and output circuits for double or reinforced insulation $\geq 5 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A
	– each input circuit and all other input circuits connected together $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A
	– each output circuit and all other output circuits connected together $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A
	– hazardous live parts and metal parts with basic insulation (Class II transformers) $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A
	– body and metal parts with basic insulation (Class II transformers) $\geq 5 \text{ M}\Omega$	N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– metal foil in contact with inner and outer surfaces of enclosures $\geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$		N/A
BB.18.3	Electric strength test (1 min): no flashover or breakdown:		N/A
	1) basic insulation between input circuits and output circuits; working voltage (V); test voltage (V)		N/A
	2) double or reinforced insulation between input circuits and output circuits; working voltage (V); test voltage (V)		N/A
	3) basic or supplementary insulation between:		N/A
	a) live parts of different polarity; working voltage (V); test voltage (V)		N/A
	b) live parts and the body if intended to be connected to protective earth		N/A
	c) inlet bushings and cord guards and anchorages		N/A
	d) live parts and an intermediate conductive part		N/A
	e) intermediate conductive parts and body ...		N/A
	1) Reinforced insulation between the body and live parts; working voltage (V); test voltage (V)		N/A
	2) Functional insulation for windings intended to be connected in series or parallel (test voltage = working voltage + 500 V) (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
18.102 (A1)	Partial discharge tests according IEC 60664-1 , if the working voltage is > 750 V peak		N/A
	Partial discharge is < 10 pC at time P2 See Fig. 19.101		N/A
BB.19	CONSTRUCTION		N/A
BB.19.1	Separation of input and output circuits		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
BB.19.1.1	SMPS incorporating auto-transformers (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
BB.19.1.2	SMPS incorporating separating transformers (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
BB.19.1.2.1	Input and output circuits electrically separated. (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.1.2.2	The insulation between input and output winding(s) consist of basic insulation (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	Class I SMPS		N/A
	– Insulation between input windings and body consist of basic insulation		N/A
	– Insulation between output windings and body consist of basic insulation		N/A
	Class II SMPS (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	– Insulation between input windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation		N/A
	– Insulation between output windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation		N/A
BB.19.1.2.3	The insulation between input windings and intermediate conductive parts and the output windings and intermediate part consist of basic insulation (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	For class I SMPS the insulation between input and output windings via the intermediate conductive parts consist of basic insulation (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	For class II SMPS the insulation between input winding and the body and between the output windings and the body via the intermediate conductive parts consist of double or reinforced insulation (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
BB.19.1.2.4	Parts of output circuits may be connected to protective earth (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.1.2.5	No direct contact between output circuits and the body, unless: (IEC 61558-2-16:2009)		N/A
	– Allowed for associated transformers by the equipment standard		N/A
	– Clause 19.8 of part 1 is fulfilled		N/A
BB.19.1.3	SMPS incorporating isolating transformers and safety isolating transformers (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.1.3.1	Input and output circuits electrically separated (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	No possibility of any connection between these circuits		N/A
BB.19.1.3.2	The insulation between input and output winding(s) consist of double or reinforced insulation (exception see 19.1.3.4) (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	Class I SMPS not intended for connection to the mains by a plug:		—
	– Insulation between input windings and body connected to earth consist of basic insulation rated to the input voltage		N/A
	– Insulation between output windings and body, connected to earth consist of basic insulation rated for the output voltage		N/A
	Class I SMPS intended for connection to the mains by a plug (EN 61558-2-16:09):		N/A
	– Insulation between input windings and body connected to earth consist of basic insulation rated to the working voltage		N/A
	– Insulation between output windings and body, connected to earth consist of supplementary insulation rated for the working voltage		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
			N/A
	Class II SMPS (IEC 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	– Insulation between input windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation rated to the input voltage		N/A
	– Insulation between output windings and body consist of double or reinforced insulation, rated to the output voltage		N/A
BB.19.1.3.3	SMPS with intermediate conductive parts not connected to the body (between input/output) (EN 61558-2-16:09):		N/A
19.1.3.3.1	For class I and class II SMPS the insulation between input and output windings, via intermediate conductive parts, consist of double or reinforced insulation, rated to the working voltage (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	– For class II SMPS the insulation between input winding and the body and between the output windings and the body via the intermediate conductive parts consist of double or reinforced insulation. (rated to the input voltage, for SELV circuits only basic insulation to the body))		N/A
	– For transformers, different from independent, the insulation between input and output windings, via intermediate conductive parts, consist of double or reinforced insulation, rated to the working voltage.		N/A
BB.19.1.3.3.2	Class I transformers with earthed core, and not allowed for class II equipment (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	– Insulation from the input to the earthed core: basic insulation rated for the input voltage		N/A
	– Insulation from the output voltage to the earthed core: basic insulation rated for the output voltage		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
BB.19.1.3.3.3	Insulation between : input to intermediate conductive parts and output and intermediate parts consist of at least basic insulation (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	– If the insulation from input or output to the intermediate metal part is less than basic insulation, the part is considered to be connected to input or output.		N/A
BB.19.1.3.4	For class I SMPS, with protective screen, not connected to the mains by a plug the following conditions comply (EN 61558-2-16:09):		N/A
	– The insulation between input winding and protective screen consist of basic insulation (rated input voltage)		N/A
	– The insulation between output winding and protective screen consist of basic insulation (rated output voltage)		N/A
	– The protective screen consist of metal foil or a wire wound screen extending the full width of the windings and has no gaps or holes		N/A
	– Where the protective screen does not cover the entire width of the input winding, additional insulation to ensure double insulation in this area, is used.		N/A
	– If the screen is made by a foil, the turns are isolated, overlap at least 3 mm		N/A
	– The cross-section of the screen and the lead out wire is at least corresponding to the rated current of the overload device		N/A
	– The lead our wire is soldered or fixed to the protective screen.		N/A
	Protective screening is not allowed for SMPS with plug connection to the mains (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
BB.19.1.3.5	No connection between output circuit and protective earth, except of associated transformers (allowed by equipment standard) or 19.8 is fulfilled (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.1.3.6	No connection between output circuit and body, except of associated transformers (allowed by equipment standard) (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.1.3.7	The distance between input and output terminals for the connection of external wiring is ≥ 25 mm		N/A
BB.19.1.3.8	Portable SMPS having an rated output ≤ 630 VA (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.1.3.9	No connection between input and output circuit, except of associated transformers (allowed by equipment standard) (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.1.3.10	Protective screening is not allowed for SMPS with plug connection to the mains (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
BB.19.11	Handles, levers, knobs, etc.:		N/A
	– insulating material		N/A
	– supplementary insulation covering		N/A
	– separated from shafts or fixing by supplementary insulation		N/A
BB.19.12	Windings construction		N/A
BB.19.12.1	Undue displacement in all types of transformers not allowed:		N/A
	– of input or output windings or turns thereof		N/A
	– of internal wiring or wires for external connection		N/A
	– of parts of windings or of internal wiring in case of rupture or loosening		N/A
BB.19.12.2	Serrated tape:		N/A
	– distance through insulation according to table 13		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– one additional layer of serrated tape, and		N/A
	– one additional layer without serration		N/A
	– in case of cheek less bobbins the end turns of each layer shall be prevented from being displaced		N/A
BB.19.12.3 (A1)	Insulated windings wires providing basic, supplementary or reinforced insulation, meet the following requirements:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multi-layer extruded or spirally wrapped insulation, passed the tests of annex K 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic insulation: two wrapped or one extruded wire 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplementary insulation: two layers, wrapped or extruded 		N/A
	– Reinforced insulation: three layers wrapped or extruded		N/A
	Spirally wrapped insulation:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> creepage distances between wrapped layers > cl. 26 _ P1 values 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> path between wrapped layers sealed, the test voltage of K2 is multiplied with 1,35 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> test 26.2.3 – Test A, passed for wrapped layers 		N/A
	– the finished component pass the electric strength test according to cl. 18.3		N/A
a)	Insulated winding wire used for basic or supplementary insulation in a wound part:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> comply with annex K 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> two layers for supplementary insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for basic insulation 		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– one layer for mechanical separation between the insulated wires of primary and secondary. This layer fulfils the requirement of basic insulation.		N/A
b)	Insulated winding wire used for reinforced insulation in a wound part:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> comply with annex K 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> three layers 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 		N/A
	Where the insulated winding wire is wound:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> upon metal or ferrite cores 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> upon enamelled wire 		N/A
	– under enamelled wire		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation between the insulated wires and the core or the enamelled wires is required. This layer fulfils the requirement of basic insulation. 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> both windings shall not touch each other and also not the core. 		N/A
	100 % routine test of Annex K3 of part 1 is fulfilled		N/A
	no creepage distances and clearances for insulated winding wirers		N/A
	for TIW wires values of box 2) c) of table 13, table C.1 and table D.1 of part 1 and of clause 26.106 are not required		N/A
FIW	<u>Transformers which use FIW wire</u>		N/A
BB 19.12.101 (A1)	Max. class F for transformers which use FIW-wire		N/A
BB 19.12.102 (A1)	FIW wires comply with IEC 60851-5, Ed.4.1; IEC 60317-0-7 and IEC 60317-56, Ed.1.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> other nominal diameter as mentioned in table 19.101 can be calculated with the formula after table 19.111 		N/A
	FIW wire used for basic or supplementary insulation for transformers according 19.1.2 (separating-transformers) of IEC 61558-2-16:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage of basic or supplementary insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation is located between the insulated wires of primary and secondary. This layer fulfil the requirement of basic insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> between FIW and enamelled wire, no requirements of creepage distances and clearances 		N/A
	– no touch of FIW and enamelled wires (grad 1, or grad 2 ...)		N/A
	FIW wire used for double or reinforced insulation for transformers according 19.1.3 (isolating and safety isolating transformers) of IEC 61558-2-16 (PRI and SEC basic insulated FIW-wire):		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage of basic or supplementary insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> for primary and secondary winding FIW-wire for basic insulation is used 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation is located between the insulated wires of primary and secondary. This layer fulfil the requirement of basic insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> no touch between the basic insulated PRI and SEC FIW-wires 		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– between PRI- and SEC-FIW wires, no requirements of creepage distances and clearances		N/A
	Alternative construction used for reinforced insulation (reinforced insulated FIW wire and enamelled wire)		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage reinforced insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation is located between the reinforced insulated FIW wire and the enamelled wire. This layer fulfil the requirement of basic insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> no touch between the FIW wire and the enamelled wire 		N/A
	– between the reinforced FIW wire and any other parts, no requirements of creepage distances and clearances exist		N/A
	Alternative construction with FIW wires, basic or supplementary insulated for transformers with double or reinforced insulation according to 19.1.3 (basic/supplementary insulated FIW wire + enamelled wire + creepage distance and clearances for basic insulation)		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the test voltage of table 8a – part 1, based on the working voltage of basic or supplementary insulation, comply with the min. voltage strength of table 19.111 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PRI or SEC basic insulated FIW wire and to the other winding (enamelled wire) requirements of supplementary insulation 		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> creepage distances and clearances between the basic insulated FIW wire and the enamelled wire for basic or supplementary insulation are required. 		N/A
	Where the FIW wire is wound		N/A
	– upon metal or ferrite cores		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> one layer for mechanical separation between the insulated wires and the core or the enamelled wires is required. This layer fulfils the requirement of basic insulation. 		N/A
	– both windings shall not touch each other and also not the core.		N/A
BB.20	COMPONENTS		N/A

BB.21	INTERNAL WIRING		N/A
BB.22	SUPPLY CONNECTION AND EXTERNAL FLEXIBLE CABLES AND CORDS		N/A

BB.23	TERMINALS FOR EXTERNAL CONDUCTORS		N/A
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BB.24	PROVISION FOR PROTECTIVE EARTHING		N/A
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BB.25	SCREWS AND CONNECTIONS		N/A
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BB.26	CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES		N/A
BB.26.1	See 26.101		N/A
BB.26.2	Creepage distances (cr) and clearances (cr)		N/A
BB.26.2.1	Windings covered with adhesive tape		N/A
	– the values of pollution degree 1 are fulfilled		N/A
	– all isolating material are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	– test A of 26.2.3 is fulfilled		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
BB.26.2.2	Uncemented insulating parts pollution degree P2 or P3		N/A
	– all isolating material are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	– values of pollution degree 1 are not applicable		N/A
BB.26.2.3	Cemented insulating parts		N/A
	– all isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	– values of distance through insulation (dti) are fulfilled		N/A
	– creepage distances and clearances are not required		N/A
	– test A of this sub clause is fulfilled		N/A
	Test A		N/A
	– thermal class		N/A
	– working voltage		N/A
	– Test with three specially specimens, with uninsulated wires, without impregnation or potting	(see appended table)	N/A
	Two of the three specimens are subjected to:		N/A
	– the relevant humidity treatment according to 17.2 (48 h)		N/A
	– the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied with factor 1,35		N/A
	– One of the three specimens is subjected to the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied by the factor 1,35 immediately at the end of the last cycle with high temperature		N/A
	Impulse dielectric test according to 4.1.1.2.1 of IEC 60 664-1 (1,2 / 50 μ s waveform) – see Annex R of IEC 61558-1		N/A
BB.26.2.4	Enclosed parts, by impregnation or potting		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
BB.26.2.4.1	– The requirements of reduced values as stated for pollution degree 1 (P1) are fulfilled		N/A
	– all isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	Test B		N/A
	– thermal class		N/A
	– working voltage		N/A
	– Test with three specially specimens, potted or impregnated. The dielectric strength test is applied directly to the joint.	(see appended table)	N/A
	Two of the three specimens are subjected to:		N/A
	– the relevant humidity treatment according to 17.2 (48 h)		N/A
	– the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied with factor 1,25		N/A
	– One of the three specimens is subjected to the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied by the factor 1,25 immediately at the end of the last cycle with high temperature		N/A
	The three spacemen pass the Impulse dielectric test according to 4.1.1.2.1 of IEC 60 664-1 (1,2 / 50 μ s waveform) – see Annex R of IEC 61558-1		N/A
BB.26.2.4.2	– The requirements of distance through insulation (dti) are fulfilled. (P1 values are not required)		N/A
	– all isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	Test C		N/A
	– thermal class		N/A
	– working voltage		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– Test with three specimens, potted or impregnated. (finished components)	(see appended table)	N/A
	– Neither cracks, nor voids in the insulating compounds		N/A
	Two of the three specimens are subjected to:		N/A
	– the relevant humidity treatment according to 17.2 (48 h)		N/A
	– the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied with factor 1,35		N/A
	– One of the three specimens is subjected to the relevant dielectric strength test of 18.3 multiplied by the factor 1,35 immediately at the end of the last cycle with high temperature		N/A
	The three spacemen pass the Impulse dielectric test according to 4.1.1.2.1 of IEC 60 664-1 (1,2 / 50 μ s waveform) – see Annex R of IEC 61558-1		N/A
BB.26.3	Distance through insulation		N/A
	For double or reinforced insulation, the required values of Tables 13, C1, and D1 – boxes 2b, 2c and 7 are fulfilled		N/A
	The insulation fulfil the material classification according IEC 60085 or 60216 or the test of 14.3		N/A
BB.26.3.1	Reduced values of the thickness of insulation for supplementary or reinforced insulation are allowed if the following conditions are fulfilled:		N/A
	– the isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216		N/A
	– the test of 14.3 is fulfilled		N/A
	– If both requirements are fulfilled, the required values for solid insulation can be multiplied by 0,4		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– Minimum thickness of reinforced insulation $\geq 0,2$ mm		N/A
	– Minimum thickness of supplementary insulation $\geq 0,1$ mm		N/A
BB.26.3.2	Insulation in thin sheet form		N/A
	– If the layers are non separable (glued together):		N/A
	– The requirement of 3 layers is fulfilled		N/A
	– The mandrel test according 26.3.3 is fulfilled with 150 N		N/A
	– The required values for d.t.i. of Tables 13, C.1 and D.1 – marked by index "e" are fulfilled.		N/A
	– If the layers are separated:		N/A
	– The requirement of 2 layers is fulfilled		N/A
	– If serrated tape is used, 1 additional layer (serrated) and one additional layer without serration is required		N/A
	– The mandrel test according 26.3.3 is fulfilled on each layer with 50 N		N/A
	– The required values for d.t.i. of Tables 13, C.1 and D.1 – marked by index "e" are fulfilled.		N/A
	– If the layers are separated (alternative:		N/A
	- The requirement of 3 layers is fulfilled		N/A
	– If serrated tape is used, 1 additional layer (serrated) and one additional layer without serration is required		N/A
	– The mandrel test according 26.3.3 is fulfilled on 2/3 of the layers with 100 N		N/A
	– The required values for d.t.i. of Tables 13, C.1 and D.1 – marked by index "e" are fulfilled.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Test according to 14.3 and if the isolating materials are classified acc. to IEC 60085 and IEC 60216 no distances through insulation are required for insulation in thin sheet form		N/A
	The figures within square brackets in box 2 and 7 of table 13 (C.1/D.1) are used for insulation in thin sheet form as follows:		N/A
	– rated output > 100 VA values in square brackets apply		N/A
	– rated output $\geq 25 \text{ VA} \leq 100 \text{ VA}$ 2/3 of the value in square brackets apply		N/A
	– rated output $\leq 25 \text{ VA}$ 1/3 of the value in square brackets apply		N/A
BB.26.3.3	Mandrel test of insulation in thin sheet form (specimen Of 70 mm width are necessary):		N/A
	– If the layers are non separable – at least 3 layers glued together fulfil the test:		N/A
	– pull force of 150 N		N/A
	– high voltage test of 5,0 kV or the test voltage of 18.3 multiplied by 1,25 whatever is the greater. No flashover, no breakdown.		N/A
	– If the layers are separable and 2/3 of at least 3 layers fulfil the test.		N/A
	– pull force of 100 N		N/A
	– high voltage test of 5,0 kV or the test voltage of 18.3 multiplied by 1,25 whatever is the greater. No flashover, no breakdowns.		N/A
	– If the layers are separable 1 of at least 2 layers fulfil the test:		N/A
	– pull force of 50 N		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	– high voltage test of 5,0 kV or the test voltage of 18.3 multiplied by 1,25 whatever is the greater. No flashover, no breakdown.		N/A
BB.26.101	Creepage distances, clearances and distances through insulation, specified values according to (EN 61558-2-16:09):		N/A
	– table 13, material group IIIa (part 1)		N/A
	– table C, material group II (part 1)		N/A
	– table D, material group I (part 1)		N/A
	– working voltage		N/A
	– rated supply frequency 50/60 Hz		N/A
	– rated internal frequency		N/A
	1. Insulation between input and output circuits (basic insulation):		N/A
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	2. Insulation between input and output circuits (double or reinforced insulation):		N/A
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	3. Insulation between adjacent input circuits: measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	Insulation between adjacent output circuits: measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	4. Insulation between terminals for external connection:		N/A

EN 61558-2-16			
Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	5. Basic or supplementary insulation:		N/A
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	d) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	e) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	6. Reinforced or double insulation: measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	7. Distance through insulation:		N/A
	a) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	b) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
	c) measured values \geq specified values (mm)		N/A
BB.26.102	Values of IEC 61558-2-16 applicable for frequency up to 3 MHz (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	For frequency above 3 MHz clause 7 of IEC 60664-4 is applicable (high frequency testing)		N/A
BB.26.103	Clearance (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	a.) Clearance for frequency ≥ 30 kHz according figure 101 two determinations are necessary:		N/A
	– determination based on peak working voltage according Table 104 :		N/A
	Peak working voltage		N/A
	Basic insulation: required / measured		N/A
	Double or reinforced insulation: required / measured value		N/A
	– and alternative if applicable for approximately homogeneous field according to Table 102		N/A
	Peak working voltage		N/A
	Basic insulation: required / measured		N/A
	Double or reinforced insulation: required / measured value		N/A
	– determination based on measured r.m.s. working voltage according Tables 13, C1 and D1 (see clause 26.101)		N/A
	The minimum clearance is the greater of the two values.		N/A
	b.) Clearance for frequency ≤ 30 kHz according figure 101 two determinations are necessary:		N/A
	– determination based on peak working voltage with recurring peak voltages according Table 103 :		N/A
	– determination based on measured r.m.s. working voltage according Tables 13, C1 and D1 (see clause 26.101)		N/A
	The minimum clearance is the greater of the two values.		N/A
BB.26.104	The working voltages of Table 102, 103 and 104 are peak voltages including μ sec peaks EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The working voltage according to Table 13 of part 1 are r.m.s. voltages		N/A
BB.26.105	Creepage distances		N/A
	Two determinations of creepage distances are necessary (see Figure 102)		N/A
	– determination based on measured peak working voltage according Tables 105 to 110		N/A
	Peak working voltage		N/A
	Pollution degree		N/A
	Basic or supplementary insulation: required / measured		N/A
	Double or reinforced insulation: required / measured value		N/A
	– determination based on measured r.m.s. working voltage according Tables 13, C1 and D1 (see clause 26.101)		N/A
	If the values based on table 105 to 110 are lower than the relevant values in Tables 13, C.1 or D.1, the higher values shall be applicable		N/A
BB.26.106	Distance through insulation (EN 61558-2-16:09)		N/A
	Instead of partial discharge with high frequency voltage the test of the distance and the calculation of the electric field is applicable under the following conditions:		N/A
	– the max. frequency is < 10 MHz		N/A
	– the field strength approximately comply with Figure 103		N/A
	– no voids or gaps are present in between the solid insulation		N/A
	For thick layers $d_1 \geq 0,75$ the peak value of the field strength is ≤ 2 kV/mm		N/A

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Clause	Requirement Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	For thin layers $d_2 \leq 30 \mu\text{m}$ the peak value of the field strength is $\leq 10 \text{ kV/mm}$		N/A
	For $d_1 > d > d_2$ equation (1) is used for calculation the field strength		N/A
BB.26.107 (A1)	For transformers with FIW wires the following test is required		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10 cycles are required 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 68 h test at max heating temperature + 10°C or test at max. allowed winding temperature based on the insulation class (required in table 1) + 10°C 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 h at 25° C 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 h at 0° C 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 h at 25° C – (next cycle start again with 68 h max winding temp + 10) 		N/A
	– during the 10 cycles test 2 x working voltage is connected between PRI and SEC		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> after 10 cycle test 2 transformers are subjected to the 17.2 test for 48 h and direct after the 48 h the dielectric strength test of 18.3 (100 % test voltage) is done 		N/A
	– after the 10 cycle test the third sample is tested at the end of the last cycle in the hot position with the dielectric strength test of 18.3 (100 % test voltage)		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the partial discharge test according to 18.101 is done after the cycling test and after the high voltage test, if the peak working voltage is >750 V 		N/A

BB.27	RESISTANCE TO HEAT, FIRE AND TRACKING	N/A
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EN 61558-2-16 Annex BB

Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
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BB.E	ANNEX E , GLOW WIRE TEST		N/A
	The test is required according to IEC 60695-2-10 and IEC 60695-2-11 with the following additions:		N/A
BB.E.1	Clause 6, "Severities" of IEC 6095-2-11, apply with the temperature stated in 27.3 of IEC 61558-1		N/A
BB.E2	Clause 8, "Conditioning", of IEC 60695-2-11 apply, preconditioning is required		N/A
BB.E3	Clause 10, "Test Procedure", of IEC 60695-2-11 apply, The tip of the glow wire is applied to the flat side of the surface.		N/A

BB.F	ANNEX F, REQUIREMENTS FOR MANUALLY OPERATED SWITCHES WHICH ARE PARTS OF THE TRANSFORMER		N/A
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BB.H	ANNEX H, ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS (IEC 61558-1)		N/A
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BB.K 61558-2-16/A 1	ANNEX K, INSULATED WINDING WIRES FOR USE AS MULTIPLE LAYER INSULATION		N/A
BB.K.1	Wire construction:		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> insulated winding wire for basic or supplementary insulation (see 19.12.3) 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> insulated winding wire for reinforced insulation (see 19.12.3) 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> solid circular winding wires and stranded winding wires with 0,05 to 5 mm diameter 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> spirally wrapped insulation - overlapping 		N/A
BB.K.2	Type tests		N/A
BB.K.2.1	General Tests between ambient temperature between 15° C and 35° C and at an humidity between 45% and 75 %		N/A
BB K.2.2	Electric strength test		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
BB K.2.2.1	Solid circular winding wires and stranded winding wires		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to clause 4.4.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008 (twisted pair)		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 6 kV for reinforced insulation		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 3 kV for basic or supplementary insulation		N/A
BB K.2.2.2	Square or rectangular wires .		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to clause 4.7.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation		N/A
BB K.2.3	Flexibility and adherence		N/A
	Claus 5.1 in Test 8 of IEC 60851-3:2009 shall be used		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to clause 5.1.1.4 of IEC 60851-3:2009		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation		N/A
	Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation		N/A
	Mandrel diameter according table K.1		N/A
	The tension to the wire during winding on mandrel is 118 N/mm ² (118 MPa)		N/A
BB.K.2.4	Heat shock		N/A
	Test samples prepared according to 3.1.1 (in Test 9) of IEC 60851-6:1996		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> high voltage test immediately after this test 		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A
BB.K.2.5	Retention of dielectric strength after bending (test as specified under test 13 of 4.6.1 c) of IEC 60 851-5)		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> high voltage test immediately after this test 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 2,75 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		
BB.K.3	Testing during manufacturing		N/A
BB.K.3.1	General Tests as subjected in K.3.2 and K.3.3		N/A
BB K.3.2	Routine test		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 4,2 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 2,1 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A
BB K.3.3	Sampling test		N/A
BB K.3.3.1	Solid circular winding wires and stranded winding wires		N/A
	Test with a twisted pair, prepared according clause 4.4.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 6 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 3 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A
BB K.3.3.2	Square rectangular wire		N/A
	Samples prepared according to clause 4.7.1 of IEC 60851-5:2008		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 5,5 kV for reinforced insulation 		N/A
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dielectric strength test: 3 kV for basic or supplementary insulation 		N/A

BB.U	ANNEX U – INFORMATIVE – OPTIONAL TW – MARKING FOR TRANSFORMERS	N/A
V	ANNEX V, SYMBOLS TO BE USED FOR THERMAL CUT-OUTS	N/A

BB.26.2 TEST A	TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION					N/A
	Test with three special prepared specimens with uninsulated wires, without potting or impregnation					
	cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C	
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						

BB.26.2 TEST B		TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION				N/A
		Test with three specially prepared specimens with potting or impregnation (P1)				
cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C		
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						

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Clause	Requirement + Test			Result - Remark	Verdict	
BB.26.2 TEST C		TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION				N/A
		Test with three specially prepared specimens with potting (only dti is required)				
cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C		
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						

IEC 61558-2-16 Annex BB						
Clause	Requirement + Test			Result - Remark		Verdict
BB.26.2 TEST C	TABLE: CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES AND DISTANCES THROUGH INSULATION				N/A	
	Test with three specially prepared specimens with potting (only dti is required)					
	cycles with 2 x working voltage between pri / sec	68 h at the temperature acc. Cl. 14 (min. 85 °C)	1 hour 25 °C	2 hour 0 °C	1 hour 25 °C	
5.						
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						

20	TABLE: Components					P
Object/part or Description	Manufacturer/ trademark	type/model	technical data	Standard	Mark(s) of conformity	
Enclosure	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	V-0, min. 85°C	-	UL	
PCB	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	V-0, 130 °C	--	UL	
Power supply cord	Ching Cheng Wire Material Co., Ltd.	H03VVH2-F	2 x 0,75mm ²	EN 60227-5	VDE 131809	
Fuse (F1)	Shenzhen Lanson Electronics co., Ltd	D48	T3.15A, 250 V	EN 60127-1 : EN 60127-2 :	VDE 40010682	
Y-cap (CY1)	SUCCESS ELECTRONICS CO LTD	SF	Y1; 1000pF; AC250V/500V; 125°C	EN 61384-14	VDE 40019457	
Opto-coupler (U1)	EVERLIGHT Electronic Co., Ltd.	EL817	Insulation voltage minimum 5000 Vac, rated 110 degree C.	EC 60747-5-5: 2007 EN 60747-5-5: 2011	VDE 132249	
Transformer (T1)	Shenzhen Sominyu Technology CO., LTD.	PQ3225	Class B	--	Test with appliances	
--Bobbin	Changchun Plastic Co., Ltd.	T375J	V-0, Phenolic, 130°C	--	UL	
-- Insulation tape	3M COMPANY ELECTRICAL MARKETS DIV (EMD)	1350F-1	130 °C	UL 510	UL E17385	
--Magnet wire	Various	Various	Polyurethane, 130°C	--	UL	
-- Triple insulating wire (TIW)	SHANGHAI LUCKY TRADE CO LTD	TIW-B	130°C	EN 60950-1 EN 61558-1 EN 61558-2-16	VDE 40023686	
--Tube	GREAT HOLDING INDUSTRIAL Co. Ltd.	TFL	150V, 200 °C	UL 224	UL E156256	
DC fan	Protechnic Electric Co Ltd	MGA8012XS-A 20	12Vdc, 0.08A,	IEC/EN 61558	CE	
Appended table	TABLE: electrical data (in normal conditions)				P	

fuse #	I rated (A)	U (V)	P (W)	I (A)	I fuse (A)	condition/status
F1	6	207	867.8	5.25	5.25	Rated load at 50 Hz
F1	6	230	867.8	5.58	5.58	Rated load at 50 Hz
F1	6	253	867.8	5.54	5.54	Rated load at 50 Hz

18.3	TABLE: Electric strength tests, impulse tests and voltage surge tests			P
Test voltage applied between:	Voltage shape (AC, DC, impulse, surge)	Test voltage (V)	Breakdown Yes / No	
L/N Input to output terminals/ enclosure	AC	4200	No	
L to N (fuse disconnect)	AC	2100	No	
T1: primary and secondary	AC	4200	No	
T1: secondary and core	AC	4200	No	
One layers insulation type of T1	AC	4200	No	
Supplementary information:				

26	TABLE: Clearance and creepage distance measurements						P
Clearance (cl) and creepage distance (cr) at/of/between:	U peak (V)	U r.m.s. (V)	Required cl (mm)	cl (mm)	Required cr (mm)	cr (mm)	
Basic Insulation/							
Line to Neutral before F1	420	240	3.0	6.0	3.0	6.0	
PCB trace under F1	420	240	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.2	
Reinforced:							
Primary component (T1 core) to secondary component	420	240	5.5	>6.0	6.0	>6.0	
PCB: primary to secondary traces under transformer T1	420	240	5.5	6.8	6.0	6.8	
Primary component to accessible enclosure	420	240	5.0	>6.0	5.5	>6.0	
Supplementary information:--							

27.1	TABLE: ball-pressure test			P
Material designation	Temperature (°C)	Result (mm)	UL License	
Bobbin	125	1.2	See appendix table 20	
PCB	125	0.9	See appendix table 20	
Supplementary information:--				

27.2	TABLE: glow-wire test			P
Material designation	Temperature (°C)	Result (mm)	UL License	
Bobbin	850	No flame	See appendix table 20	
PCB	850	No flame	See appendix table 20	
supplementary information: Tested voltage:--				

Annex H	TABLE: Electronic circuits					P
	Ambient temperature (°C)				25.6	—
	Power source for EUT: Manufacturer, model/type, output rating				--	—
Component No.	Fault	Supply voltage (V)	Test time	Fuse #	Fuse current (A)	Observation
D2	S-C	264V/60Hz	1s	F1	0	Fuse F1 opened immediately, no damaged, no hazards.
C1	S-C	264V/60Hz	1s	F1	0	Fuse F1 opened immediately, no damaged, no hazards.
U1 pin 1-5	S-C	264V/60Hz	1s	F1	0	Fuse F1 opened immediately, no damaged, no hazards.
T1 pin 1-3	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.
T1 pin 4-5	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.
T1 pin 6-7	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.

U1 pin 1-2	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.
U1 pin 3-4	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.
U1 pin 1	O-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.
D7	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.
C8	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.
Output	S-C	264V/60Hz	10min	F1	0.02	Unit shutdown immediately and recoverable, no damaged, no hazards.

supplementary information:

1,s-c: shortcircuit, o-l: over-load, o-c: open circuit .

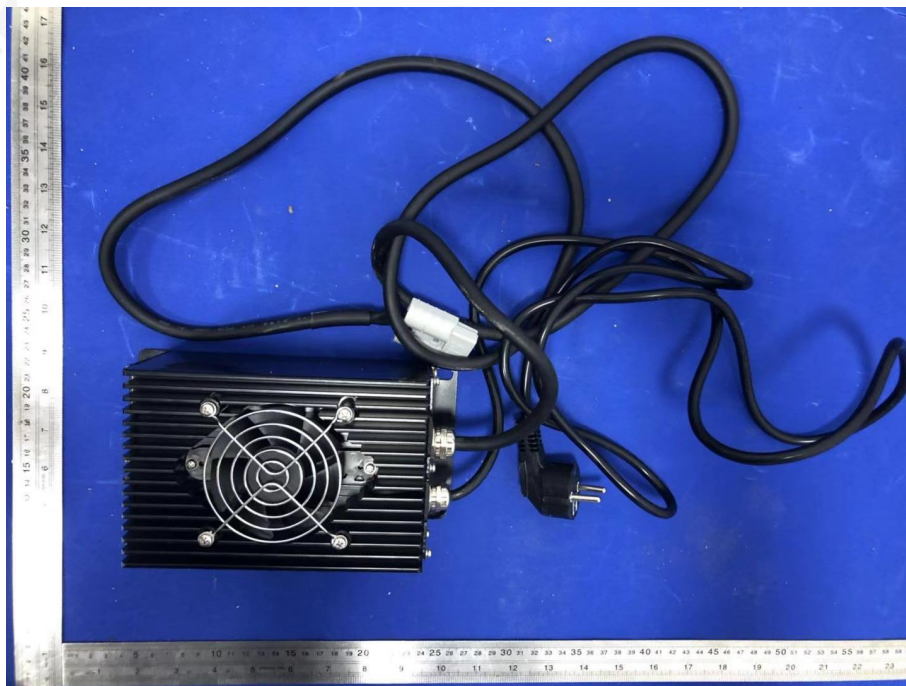
Attachment II:

Photo-documentation

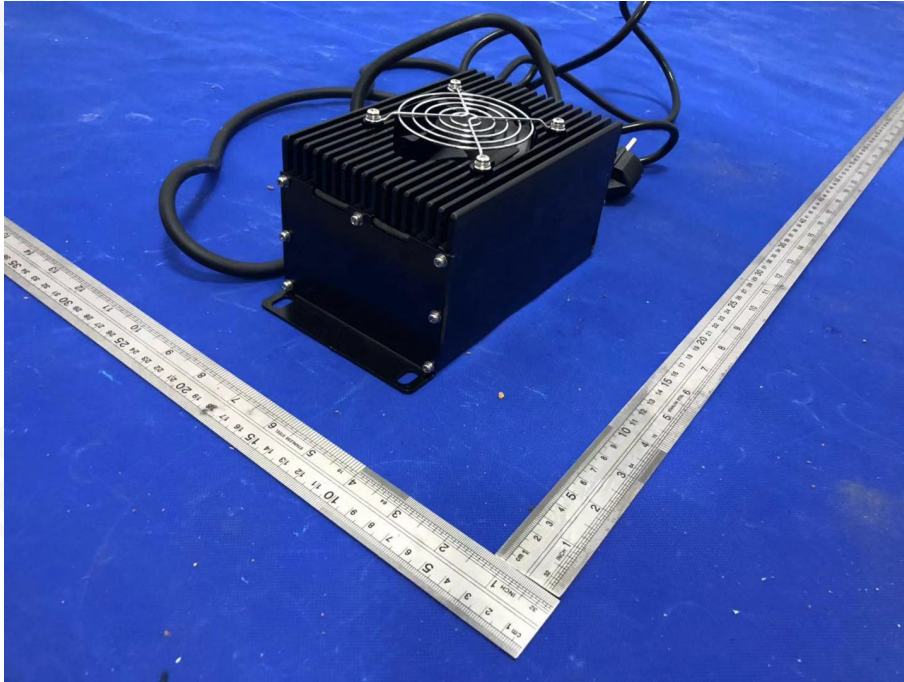
EUT Photo 1



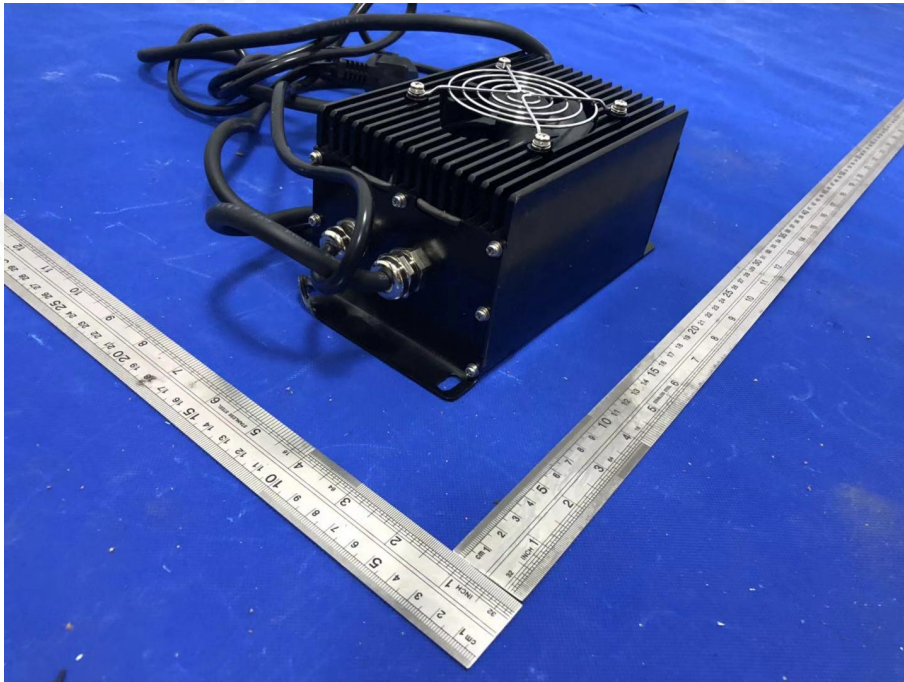
EUT Photo 2



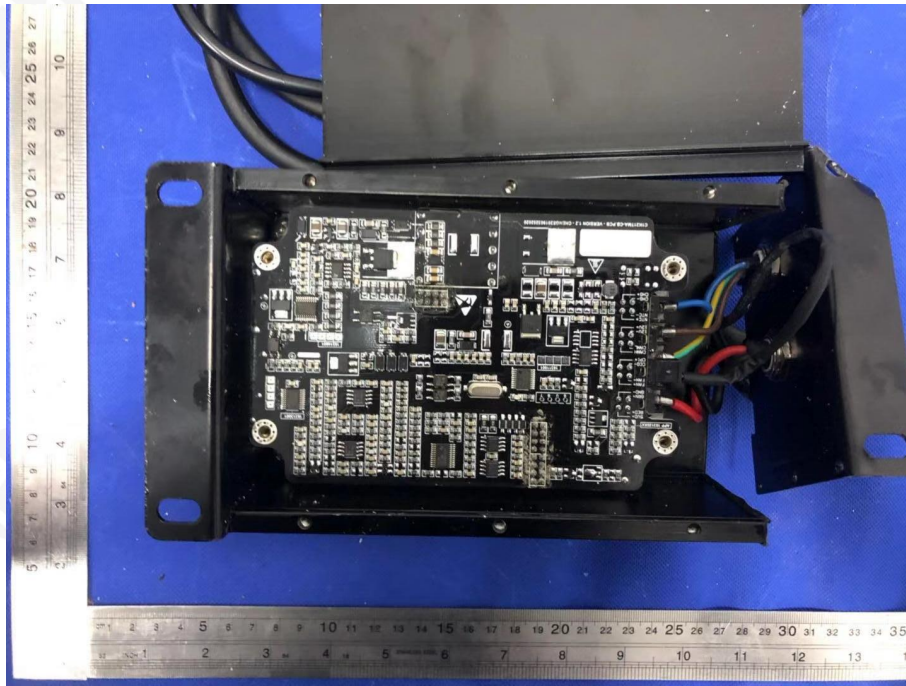
EUT Photo 3



EUT Photo 4



EUT Photo 5



***** END OF REPORT *****